

# 2025 ANNUAL REPORT

# CONTENTS

Vision & Mission	02
Corporate Information	03
Chairman's Review	04
Director's Report	08
Financial Position Summary (Unconsolidated)	15
Income Statement Highlights (Unconsolidated)	16
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	17
Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practice of Code of Corporate Governance	20
Unconsolidated Financial Statement for the year ended June 30, 202	5
Auditors' Report to the Members on Unconsolidated Financial Statement	22
Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position	26
Unconsolidated Statement of Profit & Loss Account	27
Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	28
Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	29
Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flow Statement	30
Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements	32
Consolidated Financial Statement for the year anded June 20, 2005	
Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended June 30, 2025	
Consolidated Financial Position Summary	60
Consolidated Income Statement Highlights	61
Auditors' Report to the Members on Consolidated Financial Statement	62
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	66
Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss Account	67
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	68
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	69
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow Statement	70
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	72
Pattern of Shareholding	96
Categories of shareholders	97
Notice of Annual General Meeting	98
Proxy Form	

### **VISION**

Our vision is to be a leading global enterprise dealing in consumer goods, food and beyond and also excelling in financial services through our subsidiary, while embracing Islamic values and fostering a culture of innovation, inclusivity, and sustainability. We aim to enrich lives, empower communities, and create a brighter future for generations to come.

### **MISSION**

At UDL International Limited, our mission is to deliver innovative quality products and exceptional customer experiences and offer financial solutions through our subsidiary while adhering to Islamic principles and values. We strive to build long-term relationships, foster community growth, and contribute to the betterment of society through our diverse business endeavor.



### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Date of Incorporation	May 19,2022			
BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Majid Hasan Shuja Malik Rahaila Izzet Aleem Abdul Rahim Suriya Khalid Malik Qaiser Ahmed Maggoon Syed Aamir Hussain	Chief Execut Independent	Non Executive Director Non Executive Director rector ve Director	
COMPANY SECRETARY	Muhammad Faisal Siddiqu	İ		
AUDIT COMMITTEE	Rahaila Izzet Aleem Abdul Rahim Suriya Qaisar Ahmed Maggoon	Chairperson Member Member	Independent Non Executive Director Independent Non Executive Director Non Executive Director	
HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	Abdul Rahim Suriya Rahaila Izzet Aleem Shuja Malik	Chairman Member Member	Independent Non Executive Director Independent Non Executive Director Chief Executive Officer	
AUDITORS	Grant Thornton Anjum Rah Chartered Accountants	man.		
BANKERS	Habib Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limite Al Baraka Bank United Bank Limited	Askari Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Al Baraka Bank		
Stock Exchanges where Company is listed	Pakistan Stock Exchange L www.psx.com.pk	Pakistan Stock Exchange Ltd. www.psx.com.pk		
Scrip Symbol	UDLI			
REGISTRAR	CDC SHARE REGISTRAR SERVICES LIMITED CDC House 99, Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi.			
LEGAL ADVISOR	Khalid Anwer and Co. 153-K, Sufi Street, Block 2 PECHS, Karachi			
TAX ADVISOR	Baker Tilly Mehmood Idrees Qamar Chartered Accountants 4th Floor, Central Hotel Building, Civil Lines, Mereweather Road, Karachi.			
REGISTERED OFFICE	1st FLOOR, BUSINESS EN 77-C, 12th COMMERCIAL D.H.A, PHASE II (EXTENSIO	STREET, OFF:	KHAYABAN-E-ITTEHAD,	
SUBSIDIARY COMPANY	UDL Financial Services Lim	nited (A wholly o	owned subsidiary)	
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES	- UDL Pharmaceuticals Pal	<ul><li>EAM Ventures (Pvt) Limited</li><li>UDL Pharmaceuticals Pakistan (Pvt) Limited</li><li>SASL Trading (Pvt) Limited</li></ul>		
REGISTERED OFFICE	1st FLOOR, BUSINESS ENCLAVE, 77-C, 12th COMMERCIAL STREET, OFF: KHAYABAN-E-ITTEHAD, D.H.A, PHASE II (EXTENSION), KARACHI.			
REGISTRATION NUMBER OF UDLI	0202206			
NATIONAL TAX NUMBER OF UDLI	9550806-6			
PHONE	92 - 21 - 353 10561 - 5 ( 5 Lines)			
FAX	92 – 21 – 353 10566			
E-mail	info@udl.com.pk			
Web:	www.udl.com.pk			

### **Chairmans' Review**

In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful!

Dear Valued Shareholders,

It is my honor to serve as Chairman of UDL International Limited (UDLI). I extend my sincere gratitude to the Board of Directors for their trust and support in this responsibility.

#### **Economic Outlook in Pakistan**

Pakistan's economy has shown steady signs of improvement in recent months. However, the unprecedented floods have presented new challenges, particularly with respect to inflationary pressures. While these difficulties may test the resilience of both the Government and industry, I remain confident that we will navigate them successfully.

I am particularly optimistic about UDLI's future prospects, especially with the forthcoming launch of our skin care product line. This initiative will not only enhance the Company's top line but also lay the foundation for sustainable growth, ultimately contributing to greater shareholder value. We remain committed to building strong and unique brands that will make our stakeholders proud.

### **Business Update**

Our subsidiary engaged in Investment Finance Services (Islamic Modes of Financing only) recorded a loss due to lower KIBOR rates. Management is actively working to secure a bank line facility that will strengthen revenue generation going forward. Importantly, despite the subsidiary's setback, UDLI achieved profitability on both a standalone and consolidated basis during the year.

Our variants of skin care products, outsourced to a reputable contract manufacturer, have entered commercial production and are expected to reach retail shelves by December 2025, In Sha Allah. This milestone marks an exciting step in diversifying our revenue streams and expanding our market presence.

#### **Board Performance Review**

In accordance with Section 192 of the Companies Act 2017, UDLI remains committed to the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board's performance during the year reflects a strong commitment to its fiduciary responsibilities in the following areas:

- Corporate governance structure and Compliance with regulations: UDLI maintains a transparent governance framework with regular Board oversight and full compliance with regulatory requirements.
- Board Composition: The Board comprises experienced professionals with strong financial, analytical, and independent perspectives, ensuring effective oversight and decision-making.
- **Strategic Planning:** The Board actively engaged with management in evaluating new business opportunities and strengthening long-term strategy.
- Execution of Duties: Board members and committees diligently fulfilled their responsibilities by reviewing, discussing, and approving key business plans, financial statements, and related documents.
- **Resource Management:** Timely guidance and oversight were provided to ensure the optimal utilization of Company resources.



### **Acknowledgment**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank UDLI's management and staff for their dedication and commitment. I also extend my appreciation to my fellow Board members for their insight and leadership, and to our shareholders for their continued confidence and trust in UDLI.

Sincerely,

Majid Hasan Chairman

Date: September 25, 2025

## چيئز مين كاجائزه

الله كنام سے جوبرام ہربان، نہایت رحم والا ہے!

معز زشيئر ہولڈرز،

UDLانٹرنیشنل کمیٹڈ (UDLI) کے چیئر مین کے طور پرخد مات انجام دینامیرے لئے اعزاز کی بات ہے۔ میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کا تہد دل سے شکریدا داکر تا ہوں جنہوں نے اس ذمہ داری کے لئے مجھ پراعتا دکیااور کھریورتعاون کیا۔

### ياكستان ميں اقتصادی نقط نظر

یا کتان کی معیشت نے حالیہ مہینوں میں مسلسل بہتری کے آثار ظاہر کیے ہیں، تاہم، حالیہ سیلانی صورتحال نے سخت چیلینجز پیش کئے ہیں، خاص طور برمہنگائی کے حوالے سے ۔اگر چہ بیرمشکلات حکومت اورصنعت دونوں کے لئے امتحان ہے، مگر مجھے یقین ہے کہ نہم کا میابی کے ساتھان کا مقابلہ کریں گے۔

میں UDLI کے منتقبل کے حوالے سے برامید ہوں ، خاص طور برعنقریب آنے والی سکن کئیر مصنوعات کے آغاز سے۔ بیاقدام نہصرف کمپنی کے ساخت میں اضافه کرے گابلکہ یائیدارتر قی کی بنیاد بھی رکھے گا، بالآخرزیادہ سے زیادہ شیر ہولڈر کی قدر میں حصہ ڈالے گا۔ ہم مضبوط اور منفر دبرانڈ زبنانے میں پُرعز مہیں جوہمارے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لئے فخر کا باعث بنیں گی۔

### كاروبارى اي ديث

ہاری ذیلی کمپنی نے KIBOR کی کم شرحوں کی وجہ سے نقصان ریکارڈ کیا ہے۔ انتظامیہ بینک لائن کی سہولت کو محفوظ بنانے کے لئے فعال طور برکام کررہی ہے جوآ گے چل کرمنافع کومضبوط بنائے گا۔ اہم بات بیہ ہے کہ ذیلی نمپنی میں نقصان ریکارڈ ہونے کے باوجود،UDLI نے سال کےدوران مشحکم بنیا دوں پرمنافع حاصل کیاہے۔

ہماری اسکن کئیرمصنوعات کی مختلف اقسام، جوابک معروف کنٹریکٹ مینوفیکچررکوآ ؤٹ سورس کی گئی ہیں، تجارتی پیداوار میں داخل ہو پیکی ہیں اورانشاءاللہ دسمبر 2025 تک ریٹیل شیلف تک پہنچنے کی تو قع ہے۔ بیسنگ میل ہماری آمدنی کے سلسلے کو مضبوط اور ہماری مارکیٹ کی موجود گی کو ہڑھانے میں ایک دلچیسے قدم کی نشاندہی کرتا ہے۔

### بورڈ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ

کمپنیزا یک 2017 کے سیکشن 192 کے مطابق ،UDLI کارپوریٹ گورنس کے اعلی ترین معیارات پر زور دیتی ہے۔ سال کے دوران بورڈ کی کارکر دگی درج ذیل شعبوں میں اس کی مخلصانہ ذمہ داریوں کے ساتھ مضبوط عزم کی عکاسی کرتی ہے:

- کار پوریٹ گورنس کا ڈھانچہ اور صوابط کی تعمیل: UDLI بورڈ کی با قاعدگی اورریگولیٹری تقاضوں کی مکمل تعمیل کے ساتھ ایک شفاف گورنس کے ڈھانچہکو برقر اررکھتاہے۔
- **بورڈ کی ساخت**: بور ڈمخنف ڈومینز میں بھریور پیشہورانہ تجربہر کھنےوالےارا کین پیشتمل ہے، جن کے پاس مضبوط مالی وتجزیاتی صلاحیتیں اور
- اسٹر پیچک منصوبہ بندی: بورڈ نے کاروباری مواقع کا جائزہ لینے اور طویل مدتی حکمت عملی کومضبوط بنانے میں انتظامیہ کے ساتھ سرگرم عمل ہے۔
- **فرائض عمل درآ مد**: تمام بور ڈممبران اور بور ڈکمیٹیوں کےمبران نے کاروباری منصوبوں ، مالیاتی گوشواروں اور متعلقہ دستاویزات کااچھی طرح سے جائزہ لے کر،ان پر نبادلہ خیال اور منظوری دے کراپنی ذمہ داریاں پوری تندہی ہے انجام دیں۔
  - وسائل کا انتظام: بور ڈوسائل کے بہترین استعال کویقینی بنانے کے لئے بروقت رہنمائی اورنگرانی فراہم کررہاہے۔

### اعتزاف

بورڈ کی جانب سے، میں UDLI کی انتظامیہاور عملے کاان کی گن اورعزم کے لیشکر بہادا کرنا جا ہتا ہوں ۔ میں اپنے ساتھی بورڈ کےارا کین کوان کی بصیرت اور فعال قیادت کے لیے اور ہمارے ثیئر ہولڈرز UDLI یمسلسل اعتاداور بھروسہ کے لئے بھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتا ہوں۔

25 ستبر 2025

### Directors' Report to the shareholders

(Standalone and Consolidated)

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The company's principal line of business is to provide services legally permissible and also trading in products as permissible under Law. Through its subsidiary, UDL Financial Services Limited, the Company is engaged in offering investment finance services exclusively through Islamic modes.

Additionally, the company is excited to announce its entry into the skin care market, with plans to launch our products soon.

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED)

The accompanying financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 represent the financial results for the first full twelve months following the merger process, which became effective on 23 April 2024. Consequently, comparative figures of the preceding year are not directly comparable, as the prior reporting period comprised operations for only two months and seven days (24 April 2024 to 30 June 2024).

On a standalone basis, the Company achieved revenue of Rs. 53.54 million, supported by an unrealized gain on investments of Rs. 23.16 million, attributable to timely and strategic investments in financial instruments. Total expenses stood at Rs. 52.50 million, resulting in a profit after taxation of Rs. 16.90 million, equivalent to earnings per share (EPS) of Rs. 0.48.

On a consolidated basis, UDL International posted total revenue of Rs. 109.01 million, against operating expenses of Rs. 91.83 million. However, due to a substantial reduction in the KIBOR rate and corresponding decline in bank profit income, the subsidiary reported a net loss. This diluted the overall consolidated profit to Rs. 9.41 million, translating into an EPS of Rs. 0.27.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

Commercial production of six variants of skin care products has been initiated through outsourcing arrangements with a reputable third-party manufacturer specializing in this field. Initial deliveries are expected shortly, with commercial sales anticipated to commence in December 2025, In Sha Allah.

Subject to favorable market response, the Company plans to broaden its product portfolio by introducing further variants, thereby enhancing returns for shareholders. In addition, management intends to evaluate and pursue opportunities in other sectors as part of a diversification strategy aimed at creating strong, differentiated brands that reflect our focus on quality and long-term value creation.

In respect of the subsidiary's lending business, available funds have already been fully deployed. Negotiations are currently underway with banks to secure additional credit lines in order to support expansion of the financing portfolio and improve profitability.

#### **ENVIRONMENT, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (ESG):**

Company is not engaged in any business activity that has negative consequence on the environment. The company believes in social equity and economic vitality in order to create thriving, healthy, diverse and resilient communities for this generation and generations to come. Regarding Governance, the board is fully aware of its duties. The board is always part of any major decision that the management takes and oversees, strategy, risk management, performance and disclosures. The board consists of three independent directors, two non-executive directors and two executive directors.

#### **GENDER PAY GAP STATEMENT:**

Following is gender pay gap calculated for the year ended June 30, 2025:

- Mean Gender Pay Gap: 100%
- ii. Median Gender Pay Gap: 100%
- iii. At present there is no female employee in the company, however, there is one female employee in the wholly owned subsidiary. If there is a future requirement, The Company would give first preference to hiring a female employee.



### Directors' Report to the shareholders

(Standalone and Consolidated)

### STATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

Integrity and ethical practices should be the driving force for any business. At UDL International we have adopted principle of ethics and integrity as the focal value for the organization. All employees of the company and its subsidiary are aware that they have to observe these rules of conduct in relation to business and regulations.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Principal risks associated with the entity includes:

Nature of Risk	Description
Liquidity Risk	Shortage of funds affecting timely financing of operating & investing activities.
Operational / Business Risk	Shortage of stock due to delays beyond the company's control.
	Slow movement of stock due to reduction in purchasing power
Regulatory Risk	Change in tariffs of taxes, duties, regulations & foreign exchange rate variation deteriorating the

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:**

The Company has implemented all aspects of Code of Corporate Governance introduced by the SECP.

- The financial statements prepared by the Management of the Company present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in the equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable to Companies, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices and Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- The trading in company shares by the Directors, Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children during the year, if occurred, has been timely communicated to the Pakistan Stock Exchange

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE:**

During the year under review 04 meetings of the Audit Committee were held which were attended by the directors as under:

- 1. Ms. Rahaila Izzet
- 2. Mr. Qaiser Ahmed Maggoon
- 3. Mr. Abdul Rahim Suriya
- 4. Mr. Igbal Ahmed Khan (Secretary of audit committee)

### Directors' Report to the shareholders

(Standalone and Consolidated)

#### ATTENDANCE OF BOARD MEETINGS:

During the year under review 05 meetings of the Board of Directors were held which were attended by the directors as under:

	Name of Director	Meetings Eligibility	Meetings Attended	Absence
1)	Mr. Majid Hasan	5	5	-
2)	Mr. Shuja Malik	5	5	_
3)	Mr. Khalid Malik	5	5	_
4)	Mr. Qaiser Ahmed Maggoon	5	5	
5)	Ms. Rahaila Izzet	5	5	_
6)	Mr. Abdul Rahim Suriya	5	5	-
7)	Mr. Syed Aamir Hussain	5	5	-

Mr.Muhammad Faisal Siddiqui (CFO & Company Secretary also attended the above board meetings

#### **PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING:**

A Statement showing Pattern of Shareholding of the Company and additional information as at June 30, 2025 is included in this report.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES:

The Board feels pleasure in stating that provisions of the Code relevant for the year ended June 30, 2025, have been duly complied except as mentioned in the statement of compliance with code of corporate governance. The auditors review report is and annexed herewith.

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:**

UDL International believes that it is a socially responsible entity. During the year the company donated Rs. 100,000 to a well-known registered trust.

#### **AUDITORS:**

The present auditor's M/s Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman & Co. Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors endorses recommendation of the Audit Committee for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company for the financial year ending June 30, 2026 at a fee to be agreed with the auditors and subject to approval by Shareholders in the Annual General meeting of the Company.

#### **DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2025 has recommended a cash dividend of Rs 0.50 paisa per share i.e 5%. This final dividend is subject to approval of shareholders in the 4th annual general meeting scheduled to be held on October 27, 2025.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

The Board would like to take this opportunity to thank the officials of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for their continuous guidance and support. The Board would also like to thank our shareholders for reposing trust and confidence in the Company, and to the members of Management and Staff for their commitment and dedication.

Shuja Malik Chief Executive

Date: September 25, 2025

= From Ymi-

Syed Aamir Hussain Director



## شيئر ہولڈرزکوڈ ائر یکٹرزر بورٹ (اسٹینڈ الون اورکنسولیڈیٹ )

### بنیادی سرگرمیاں

سمینی کے کاروبار کی اصل لائن قانونی طور پر جائز خدمات فراہم کرنا اور قانون کے تحت جائز مصنوعات میں تجارت کرنا ہے۔ کمپنی اینے ذیلی ادارے UDL فنانشل سروسز لمیٹٹ کے ذریعے اسلامی مالیاتی خدمات پرتوجہ مرکوز کررہی ہے۔مزید برآ ں، تمپنی خوثی کے ساتھ اعلان کرتی ہے کہ وہ جلد سکن کئیر کی مارکیٹ میں قدم رکھ رہی ہے،اس سلسلے میں بہت جلدوہ اپنی مصنوعات لانچ کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

### مالياتي كاركردگي كاخلاصه (اسٹينڈالون اور كنسوليثه يوژ)

30 جون 2025 کونتم ہونے والاسال مرجر کے مل کے بعد پہلے پورے بارہ مہینوں کے مالیاتی نتائج کی نمائند گی کرتے ہیں، جو 23 اپریل 2024 کولا گوہوا تھا۔ نیتجاً، پچھلے سال کے تقابلی اعدادو ثار کا براہِ راست موازنہ ہیں کی جاسکتا ، کیونگہ پہلے کی رپورٹنگ کی مدت دوماہ اور سات دن (24 اپریل 2024 سے 30 جون 2024) کے آيريشنزيمشمل تقي \_

اسٹینڈ الون کی بنیادیر، کمپنی نے 53.54 ملین رویے کاریونیو حاصل کیا، 23.16 ملین رویے کی آمدنی (unrealized) گین سے ہوئی، جو مالیاتی آلات میں بروقت اوراسٹر پٹجگ سر مایدکاری سے منسوب ہے گل اخراجات 52.50 ملین روپے رہے، جس کے نتیجے میں 16.90 ملین روپے ٹیکس کے بعد منافع ہوا، جو کہ 0.48رویے کی فی شیر آمدنی (EPS) کے برابرہے۔

کنسولیڈیٹ بنیادوں پر، UDL انٹزیشنل نے 91.83 ملین رویے کے آپریٹنگ اخراجات کے مقابلے میں 109.01 ملین رویے کی گل آمدنی پوسٹ کی ہے۔ KIBOR کی شرح میں خاطر خواہ کی اور بنک کے منافع کی آمدنی میں کمی کی وجہ سے ،سبیڈی نے نقصان رپورٹ کیا ہے۔جس کی وجہ سے مجموعی منافع کم ہوکر 9.41 ملین رویے ہو گیا ہے، جس سے فی شئیر آمدنی (EPS) 0.27 رویے ہو گئی ہے۔

### مستفتل كانظريه

سکن کیئر کی مصنوعات کی چھاقسام کی بروڈکشن اس شعبے میں مہارت رکھنے والی ایک معروف تھرڈیارٹی مینوفیکچرر کےساتھ آؤٹ سورسنگ کے انتظامات کے ذریعے شروع کردی گئی ہے۔ابتدائی ترمیل جلد ہی متوقع ہے، تجارتی فروخت دسمبر 2025 میں اشاءاللہ شروع ہونے کی توقع ہے۔

سازگار مارکیٹ رسیانس سے مشروط، کمپنی مزیرمختلف قسموں کومتعارف کراتے ہوئے اپنے بروڈ کٹ پورٹ فولیوکووسیج کرنے کاارادہ رکھتی ہے،اس طرح شئیر ہولڈرز کے منافع میں اضافیہ ہوگا۔ اس کےعلاوہ ،انتظامیہ مختلف حکمتِ عملی کےطور پر دوسرے شعبوں میں مواقع کا جائزہ لینے اوران کی تحقیق کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے جس کا مقصد مضبوط وامتیازی برانڈ زبنانا ہے جومعیار اور طویل مدت کی تخلیق میں ہمار ہے ہو کس کی عکاسی کر ہے۔

ذیلی ادارے کے قرض دینے کے کاروبار کے سلسلے میں ، دستیاب فنڈ زمکمل طور پرلگائے جاچکے ہیں۔ فنانسنگ پورٹ فولیو کی توسیع اور منافع کوبہتر بنانے کے لئے اضافی کریڈٹ لائنوں کو محفوظ کرنے کے لئے بینکوں کے ساتھ بات جیت جاری ہے۔

### ماحولياتى اثرات

کمپنی کسی بھی ایسی کاروباری سرگرمیوں میں ملوث نہیں ہے جس کا ماحول مرمنی اثر مرتب ہوتا ہو کمپنی نسلوں اور آنے والی نسلوں کے لئے فروغ پزیر ہصحت مند مختلف اور کیدار کمیوٹیز کی تخلیق کے لیے ہاجی مساوات اورا قضا دی قوت بریقین رکھتی ہے۔ گورنٹس کے حوالے سے بورڈ اپنے فرائض سے پوری طرح آگاہ ہے۔ بورڈ ہمیشہ کسی بھی بڑے فیصلے کا حصہ ہوتا ہے جومینجمنٹ لیتی ہےاوراس کی نگرانی بھی کرتا ہے،بشمول حکمت عملی ،رسک مینجمنٹ ، کارکر دگی اورانکشافات \_ بورڈ تین آ زادڈائر یکٹرز ، دوغیر ا یگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرزاوردوا یگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرزیمشتمل ہے۔

### جینڈریے گیب اسٹیٹمنٹ

30 جون 2025 كوخم مونے والے سال كے ليجيد ريے گيپ كاحساب ورج ذيل ہے:

- اوسط صنفی تنخواه کافرق:%100 (i
- درميان صنفي تنخواه كافرق: 100% (ii
- اس وقت کمپنی میں کوئی خاتون ملازم نہیں ہے، تا ہم مکمل ملکیتی ذیلی کمپنی میں ایک خاتون ملازم ہے۔اگر متنقبل میں کوئی ضرورت ہوئی تو نمپنی (iii خاتون کوملازمت دینے کوتر جنح دیے گی۔

### اخلا قيات اوركاروماري طرزمل

دیانتداری اوراخلاقی طرزعمل کسی بھی کاروبار کے لئے اہمیت کا حامل ہوتا ہے اسی لئے ہم نے UDL انٹرنیشنل میں اخلاقیات اور دیانتداری کے اصول کو بنیا دبنایا ہے اور ادارے(بشمول ذیلی ادارے)کے تمام ملاز مین اس بات سے آگاہ ہیں کہانہیں کاروباراورضوابط کےسلسلے میں ان اصولوں کی یابندی کرنی ہے۔

### بنيادي خطرات اورغيريقيني صورتحال

بنادی خطرات جوادارے سے مسلک ہے:

خطرے کی نوعیت	تفصيل
لیکویٹریٹ کا خطرے	آپریٹنگ اور سر مابیکاری کی سرگرمیوں کی برونت فنانسنگ کومتاثر کرنے والے فنڈ زکی کی۔
آپریشنل/ کاروباری خطرات	سمینی کے قابوسے باہر تاخیر کی وجہ سے اسٹاک کی کمی
	قوت خرید میں کمی کے باعث اسٹاک کی ست نقل وحرکت
ریگولیٹری کے خطرے	میسز، ڈیوٹیز، ضوابط اور غیرملکی زرمبادلہ کی شرح کے اتار پڑھاؤ سے منافع کے مار جن میں خرابی
	پیدا ہوتی ہے

### كار بوريث كورننس

تمینی نے ایسای پی کی جانب ہے متعارف کرائے گئے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے تمام پہلوؤں کونا فذکیا ہے۔

- ۔ سمپنی کے مالیاتی گوشواروں کیصورتحال،آپریشنز،کیش فلواورا گوئٹی میں ہونے والی تبدیلیوں کے نتائج کوکافی حدتک پیش کرتے ہیں۔
  - ۔ کمپنی کے اکاؤنٹس کی کتابیں بالکل درست طریقے سے تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- ۔ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ یالیسیوں کامسلسل اطلاق کیا گیاہے اورا کاؤنٹنگ کے تخمینے معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلے رینی ہیں۔
  - ۔ مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی ا کاؤنٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈ زجو کمپنیوں پرلا گوہوتے ہیں ان کواختیار کیا گیاہے۔
  - ۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں بہترین ہے اوراسے مئو ثرطریقے سے لا گوکیا گیا ہے اوراس کی نگرانی کی گئی ہے۔
    - ۔ کمپنی کواینے معملات کو جاری رکھنے کے لیے اس کی صلاحیتوں میں کوئی شبہیں ہے۔
  - ۔ لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں دی گئی تفصیلات کےمطابق بہترین طریقوں اور کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کےاصولوں سے کہیں بھی روگر دانی نہیں کی گئی ہے۔
- ۔ ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹو، چیف فنانشل آفیسر بمپنی سیکرٹری اوران کی اہل خانہ اور بچوں کی طرف سے سال کے دوران نمپنی کے صص میں کوئی ٹریڈنگ کی گئی تو اس کے بارے میں ماکتان اسٹاک ایمیجینج کو بروقت مطلع کردیا گیا۔

### آ دِ ڪميڻي:

سال کے دوران جاراجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور کمیٹی کے درج ذیل اراکین نے شرکت کی سمیٹی مندرجہ ذیل مِشتمل ہے:

1) محتر مدراحیله عزت، چیئر مین

2) جناب قیصراحمرمگون، ممبر

3) جناب اے رحیم سوریا، ممبر

4) جناب اقبال احمد، سيرٹري

### بورد کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت:

ز رجائز ہسال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کے پانچ اجلاس منعقد ہوئے جن میں درج ذیل ڈائر بکٹرز نے شرکت کی:

غيرحاضري	شركت اجلاس	منعقده اجلاس	ڈائر یکٹرنام ڈائر سیٹرنام	
-	5	5	جناب ماجد <sup>حس</sup> ن	(1
-	5	5	جناب شجاع ما لك	(2
-	5	5	جناب خالد ما لک	(3
-	5	5	جناب قيصراحمر مگون	(4
-	5	5	محتر مدراحيله عزت	(5
-	5	5	جناب عبدالرحيم سوريا	(6
-	5	5	جناب <i>سيدعام حسين</i>	(7
			(As CFO & Company جناب محمد فيصل صديقي جناب محمد فيصل صديق	

### شيئر مولدنگ كاپيرن:

30 جون 2025 کے سال کے لئے کمپنی شیئر ہولڈنگ کے پیٹرن کوظا ہر کرنے والی اٹیٹمنٹ اوراضا فی معلومات اس رپورٹ میں شامل ہیں۔

### ببیٹ پریکٹمز کے نفاذ کی اسٹیٹمنٹ:

بورڈ بخوثی یہ بیان کرتا ہے کہ 30 جون 2025 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے متعلقہ ضابطہ کی دفعات پڑمل کیا گیا ہے،۔آڈ یٹرز کی جائزہ رپورٹ اس کے ساتھ منسلک

### كاربوريك ساجي ذمدداري:

UDL انٹرنیشنل اس بات بریقین رکھتا ہے کہ بیساجی طور برایک ذمہ دارا دارہ ہے۔سال کے دوران کمپنی نے ایک معروف رجسٹ ڈٹرسٹ کو-100,000 رویے کا عطیبہ

### آؤيرز:

موجودہ آڈیٹر گرانٹ تھارٹن انجم رحمان اینڈ کو چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس ریٹا مُزاوراہل ہونے کی وجہ سےخود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کرتے ہیں۔بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز 30 جون 2026 کوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے تمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے طوریران کی دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے آڈٹ تمیٹی کی سفارش کی توثیق کرتا ہے جس کی فیس پر آڈیٹرز کے ساتھ باہمی اتفاق سے کیا جانا ہےاور پیشیئر ہولڈرز کی سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ (AGM) میں منظوری سے مشروط ہے۔

### اعتراف:

بورڈاسموقع پرسیکیوریٹیزاینڈانچیجیج کمیشن آف یا کستان (ایسای پی ) کے حکام کی مسلسل رہنمائی اور تعاون پرشکر گزار ہے۔ بورڈا پنے شیئر ہولڈرز کا کمپنی پر اعتاد بحال رکھنے،انتظامیہاوراسٹاف کےارا کین کاان کےعزم اورگن کے لیے بھی شکرگز ارہے۔

### *ڈبویڈنڈ*

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زنے 25 ستبر 2025 کوہونے والی اپنی میٹنگ میں 0.50 پیسے فی شیئر یعنی %5 نقد ڈیویڈنڈ کی سفارش کی ہے۔ یہ حتمی منافع 27 اکتوبر 2025 کو منعقد ہونے والے چوشے سالانہ جزل اجلاس میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی منظور ک سے مشروط ہے۔

سيدعامرحسين

Stym Harry شجاع ما لك چىف اىگزىكىيو

25 ستمبر 2025

### **Financial Position Summary (Unconsolidated)**

		(R	s. in million)
Year Ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023
ASSETS			
Property and equipment	16.97	19.37	-
Intangible assets	0.25	-	-
Long term investments	375.69	333.51	0.01
Long term deposits	1.62	1.62	
	394.53	354.50	0.01
Short term investments	59.06	130.95	-
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	5.71	5.62	-
Taxation - net	20.56	18.74	-
Cash and bank balances	137.79	39.59	0.02
	223.12	194.90	0.02
TOTAL ASSETS	617.65	549.40	0.03
EQUITY			
Share capital	351.21	351.21	0.1
Un-appropriated profit(loss)	7.47	(9.43)	(0.11)
General reserve	192.81	192.81	-
Unrealized gain/(loss) on remeasurement carried out at	21.76	(27.90)	-
fair value through other comprehensive income	573.25	506.69	(0.01)
LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	7.15	-	-
Trade and other payables	2.00	2.51	0.04
Short term deposit	6.00	6.00	-
Due to related party	-	4.82	-
Unclaimed dividend	29.25	29.36	-
	44.40	42.70	0.04
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	617.65	549.40	0.03

### **Income Statement Highlights (Unconsolidated)**

		(F	Rs. in million)
Year Ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023
INCOME			
Investment and other income Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement	53.55	4.47	0.00
of investments at Fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)	23.17	(1.74)	
EXPENSES	76.71	2.73	0.00
Operating expenses Financial charges	(52.48) (0.03)	(10.82) (0.01)	(0.11)
Tillatiolal orlanges	(52.51)	(10.81)	(0.1)
Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax	24.20	(8.10)	(0.11)
Levy, minimum tax and final tax	(3.26)	(0.55)	-
Taxation	(4.05) (7.30)	(0.55)	
Profit/(loss) after taxation	16.90	(8.65)	(0.11)
Earning/(loss) per share - basic	0.48	(0.25)	(11.10)
Cash Dividend	*	_	_
Stock Dividend	-	-	-
Breakup Value Market Price on 30th June	16.32 11.10	14.43 8.00	(1.10)
Dividend per share certificate (Rs.)	*	-	-
Current Ratio Net Profit/ loss Margin %	5.99 22%	4.56 -317%	0.48 -4951%
Return on Equity (%)	3%	-2%	-1008%
Return on Total Assets (%) Dividend per share (%)	3%	-2% -	-376% -

The comparative figures are not comparable due to post merger figures of April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024.

\*The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2025 has recommended a cash dividend of Rs 0.50 paisa per share i.e 5%.

# Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of Company: UDL International Limited

Year ended: June 30, 2025

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total numbers of directors are 7 as on June 30, 2025, as per the following:

Category	Number of Directors
Male Directors	06
Female Director	01

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Category	Names
Independent Directors	Mr. Majid Hasan - Chairman Mr. Abdul Rahim Suriya Ms, Rahaila Izzet Aleem (Female)
Non-Executive Directors	Mr Qaisar Ahmed Maggoon Mr Syed Aamir Hussain
Executive Director	Mr. Shuja Malik - Chief Executive Officer Mr Khalid Malik
Female Director	Ms, Rahaila Izzet Aleem

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven (7) listed companies, including this Company.
- 4. The Company has prepared a code of conduct' and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Companies Act) and these Regulations.

- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Companies Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors, in accordance with the Companies Act and the Regulations:
- 9. The majority of directors are either exempt or have completed the directors training program. As encouraged by the Code of corporate governance, we will get the remaining directors certified as early as possible
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment in compliance with relevant requirements of the Regulations. The Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary is the same person, however, duties of both positions are distinct and clearly spelled out. Further, it has less financial burden on the Company.
- 11. The Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. Pursuant to the provisions of the Regulations, the Board formed committees comprising of members given below, as on June 30, 2025:

### **Audit Committee**

1	Rahaila Izzet Aleem	Chairman
2	Abdul Rahim Suriya	Member
3	Oaisar Ahmed Maggoon	Member

### Human Resource (HR) and Remuneration Committee

1	Abdul Rahim Suriya	Chairman
2	Rahaila Izzet Aleem	Member
3	Shuja Malik	Member

### **Risk Management Committee**

1	Syed Aamir Hussain	Chairman
2	Qaisar Ahmed Maggoon	Member
3	Khalid Malik <sup>.</sup>	Member



### Nomination Committee

1 Shuia Malik Chairman 2 Khalid Malik Member 3 Syed Aamir Hussain Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as follows,
  - a) Audit Committee; four quarterly meeting
  - b) HR and Remuneration Committee one yearly meeting
- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function, who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and nondependent children) of the chief executive office, chief financial officer, head of Internal Audit, company Secretary or Directors of the Company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Companies Act, the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC quidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of the regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with; and
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are given in para 9 &10.

SHUJA MALIK

Chief Executive

Dated: September 25, 2025.

MAJID HASAN Chairman Board of Directors



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REVIEW REPORT

To the Members of UDL International Limited
Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in
Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +92 21 35672951-56

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of UDL International Limited for the year ended June 30, 2025, in accordance with the requirements of Regulation No. 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on Our Review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Grant Thornton Anjum Rehman

Chartered Accountants

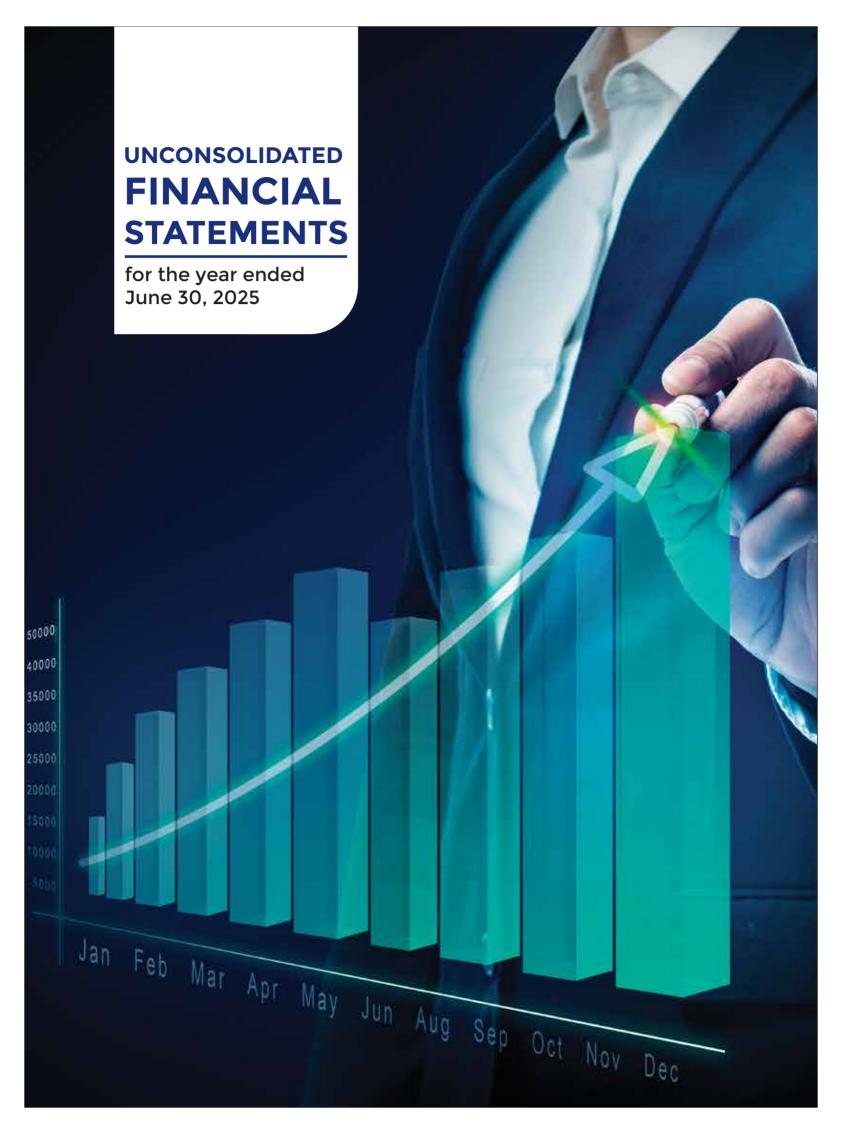
Karachi

Date: October 03, 2025

UDIN: CR202510126S7KZgDvNk

20

**ANNUAL REPORT 2025** 





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF UDL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +92 21 35672951-56

### Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of UDL International Limited (the Company), which comprise of the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025, and of the loss and comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S. No	Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	Valuations and Existence of Investments  Refer Note 7 and 9 to the unconsolidated financial statements. The fair value of equity investments held by the Company amounted to Rs. 209.7 million, which constitutes 34% of the Company's total assets as at 30 June 2025.  The significant portion of the investments comprise of the equity instruments classified as "Fair value through profit or loss and Fair value through Other comprehensive income".  We identified assessing the carrying value of the investment as a key audit matter because of its significance to the unconsolidated financial statements.	<ul> <li>Obtained broker/CDC Statement and reconciling them with the Company's records to verify existence and ownership;</li> <li>Compared quoted market prices at the reporting date with carrying values to assess fair valuation;</li> <li>Recalculated realized, unrealized gains/losses and dividend income to test accuracy of amounts recorded; and</li> <li>Assessing the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosure of investments in the unconsolidated financial statements.</li> </ul>

### Information other than the Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is

necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements,
  whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
  of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
  error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
  override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Shaukat Naseeb.

Grant Thornton Anjum Rehman

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: October 03, 2025

UDIN: AR202510126uxi8q9rnb

### **UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at June 30, 2025	Note	2025	2024
ASSETS		← Rup	ees ───
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment Intangible assets	5 6	16,968,468 250,003	19,368,200
Long term investments	7	375,688,762	333,509,659
Long term deposits	8	1,620,350	1,620,350
		394,527,583	354,498,209
Current assets	0	F0 004 00F	100.050.000
Short term investments Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	9 10	59,061,265 5,707,905	130,950,862 5,616,121
Taxation - net	10	20,561,697	18,736,626
Cash and bank balances	11	137,789,880	39,588,876
		223,120,747	194,892,485
TOTAL ASSETS		617,648,330	549,390,694
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	12	351,205,480	351,205,480
Un-appropriated profit(loss)		7,466,655	(9,433,215)
General reserve Unrealized gain/(loss) on remeasurement carried out		192,812,478	192,812,478
at fair value through other comprehensive income	13	21,760,457	(27,896,354)
Total shareholder's equity		573,245,070	506,688,389
Non-Current liabilities			
Deferred tax liability	14	7,154,671	-
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	2,003,483	2,513,468
Short term deposit Due to related party	16	6,000,000	6,000,000 4,824,707
Unclaimed dividend	17	29,245,106	29,364,130
		37,248,589	42,702,305
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		617,648,330	549,390,694
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	18		

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

The Harris

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

# **UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS** for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ←——— Rup	2024 ees
Investment and other income	19	53,545,184	4,469,611
Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement of investments at Fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)		23,165,292 76,710,476	(1,742,236) 2,727,375
Operating expenses Financial charges Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax	20	(52,483,453) (26,074) 24,200,949	(10,816,487) (8,001) (8,097,113)
Levy, minimum tax and final tax	21	(3,255,045)	(547,644)
Profit/(loss) after levy, minimum tax and final tax		20,945,904	(8,644,757)
Taxation	22	(4,046,034)	-
Profit/(loss) after taxation		16,899,870	(8,644,757)
Earning/(loss) per share - basic	23	0.48	(0.25)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ← Rup	2024
Profit/(loss) after taxation		16,899,870	(8,644,757)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss:			
Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	13	49,656,811	(697,994)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		66,556,681	(9,342,751)

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

= Hours

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Share Capital	General Reserves	Un- appropriated profit / (Accumulated Losses)  Rupees	Income / Deficit on revaluation of investment	Total Shareholders' Equity
	`		nupees		,
Balance as at July 1, 2023	100,000	-	(111,008)	-	(11,008)
Cancelled under scheme of merger	(100,000)	-	100,000	-	_
Share issued during the year	351,205,480	-	-	-	351,205,480
General reserved received from					
First UDL Modaraba	-	192,812,478	-	-	192,812,478
Accumulated loss received from					
First UDL Modaraba	-	-	(777,451)	-	(777,451)
Accumulated balance received from					
First UDL Modaraba		-		(27,198,360)	(27,198,360)
Loss after taxation	-	-	(8,644,757)	-	(8,644,757)
Other comprehensive loss	_	-	-	(697,994)	(697,994)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(8,644,757)	(697,994)	(9,342,751)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	351,205,480	192,812,478	(9,433,215)	(27,896,354)	506,688,389
Balance as at July 01, 2024	351,205,480	192,812,478	(9,433,215)	(27,896,354)	506,688,389
Profit after taxation	-	-	16,899,870	-	16,899,870
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	49,656,811	49,656,811
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	16,899,870	49,656,811	66,556,681
Balance as at June 30, 2025	351,205,480	192,812,478	7,466,655	21,760,457	573,245,070
	=				

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

= Horas

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

### **UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW** for the year ended June 30, 2025

for the year ended June 30, 2025			
	Note	2025	2024
		← Rup	oees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax		24,200,949	(8,097,113)
Adjustment of non cash items:			
Depreciation	5	2,655,176	505,707
Amortization	6	62,497	169,058
Unrealized (gain)/loss on re-measurement of investments at FVTPL		(23,165,292)	1,742,236
Loss on disposal of asset		29,876	-
Dividend income		(5,256,219)	(3,576,537)
Financial charges		26,074	8,001
	·	(25,647,888)	(1,151,535)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(1,446,939)	(9,248,648)
Changes in working capital:			
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(91,784)	3,080,045
Trade and other payables		(509,985)	(863,737)
Due to related party		(4,824,707)	4,824,707
Unclaimed dividend		(119,024)	-
		(5,545,500)	7,041,014
Tax paid Financial charges paid		(5,080,115) (26,074)	(1,076,612) (8,001)
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(12,098,628)	(3,292,246)

# **UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW** for the year ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024
	← Rupe	es
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(297,321)	-
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	12,000	-
Additions in intangible assets	(312,500)	-
Net investments during the year	105,641,234	8,118,556
Dividends received	5,256,219	3,576,537
Net cash generated from investing activities	110,299,632	11,695,092
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	_
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	98,201,004	8,402,846
Cash and cash equivalents by merger per scheme of arrangement	-	31,166,875
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	39,588,876	19,155
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	137,789,880	39,588,876
•		

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATION

UDL International Limited (the "Company") is a public company incorporated in Pakistan under Companies Act, 2017 on May 19,2022. The Company got listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange on July 10,2024. The company's principal line of business is to provide services legally permissible and also trading in products as permissible under Law. The Company is also managing Islamic Financial Services through its subsidiary, UDL Financial Services Limited. The registered office of the company is situated at 1st Floor, Business Enclave, 77-C, 12th Commercial Street, Off: Khayaban-e-Ittehad, DHA (Ext), Karachi.

The Company is in the phase of pre-operations and have incurred the related expenditures as well. However, no revenue has been generated from the commercial operations, as suggested by its Memorandum of Association, during the year and the income during the year has been earned from the equity investments made by the Company.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directions issued under the Companies Act 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differs from the IFRS and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

These are separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiaries and associates are carried at equity accounting less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' which is measured at fair value. All the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis, except for the statement of cash flows.

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

### 2.4 New standards and interpretations to approved accounting standards

### 2.4.1 Initial application of standards, amendments or interpretations to existing standards

The following amendments and interpretations to published accounting and reporting standards that are applicable to the entity's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

IAS 7	Amendments regarding supplier finance arrangements	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendment to defer the effective date of the January 2020 amendments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendments regarding the classification of debt with covenants	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS 9	Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

### 2.4.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Company's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2024. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financials statements:

		Effective date
IFRS S1	IFRSS1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability - related Financial Information	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS S2	Climate-related Disclosures	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS 18	Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

Effective date

for the year ended June 30, 2025

### 2.4.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the entity

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2024. However, the Company expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future financial statements of the Company:

		Effective date
IFRS 7	Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

	Note
<ul> <li>Determination of useful lives, pattern of flow of economic benefits and impairment of fixed assets</li> </ul>	4.1
- Use ful life of intangible assets	4.1
- Classification and valuation of investments	4.3
- Provisions	4.9
- Contingent liabilities	4.8
- Provision for taxation	4.12
- Deferred tax	4.12

#### 4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applies to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 4.1 Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method. In respect of depreciation on additions is charged from the month during which the asset is put to use. For disposals during depreciation is charged up to the month preceding the month of disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation



for the year ended June 30, 2025

methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each year end. Gain or loss on disposal of assets, if any, is recognized as and when incurred. The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Amortization is charged to profit and loss account applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, amortization is charged proportionately for the period of use. The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, intangible assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.3 Financial Instruments

### 4.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of bank balances, loans and advances are initially recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Bank balances and loans and advances are recognized when funds are transferred to the banks / employees.

All financial instruments are measured initially at their fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company classifies its financial assets into following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost.

#### Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the company business model for managing them. Currently, the Company has investment in mutual funds and recognized its investment at FVTPL model.

#### i) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### ii) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding; or
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases.

#### iii) Financial assets measured at FVOCI

#### Debt instrument

The Company measures debt instruments at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at FVOCI, profit income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in the profit and loss account and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in Other Comprehensive Income is recycled to profit and loss account.

#### Equity instrument

Upon initial recognition, the company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 - 'Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading'. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit and loss account. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss account when the right of payment has been established, except when the company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in Other Comprehensive Income.

#### Impairment of financial assets

#### Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

All financial liabilities of the company are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 4.3.2 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Company has:

- a) transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- b) neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

#### 4.3.3 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to recognize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.4 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and bank balance.

#### 4.5 Non-financial asset

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss, for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 4.6 Share capital and earning per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary share certificates. Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders of the company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earning per certificate is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 4.7 Retirement benefits

The Company operates an approved funded contributory provident fund scheme for all its employees who are eligible under the scheme. Equal monthly contributions at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary are made by both Company and its employees.

#### 4.8 Contingent liabilities

Contingencies are disclosed when the Company has possible obligation that arises from past event and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of entity, or a present obligation that arises from past event but is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of recourse embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation or, when amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 4.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as provision is the best estimate of consideration required to settle the present obligation at end of reporting date, taking into account the risk and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### 4.10 Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 and has applied the following accounting policy in the preparation of its financial statements.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found across several Standards and Interpretations within IFRSs.

IFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model, explained below, that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers.

- Step 1 Identify the contract with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for each of those rights and obligations.
- Step 2 Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation in a contract is a promise to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- Step 3 Determine the transaction price: Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods and services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- Step 4 Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract has more than one performance obligation, the Company will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- Step 5 Recognize revenue as and when the Company satisfies a performance obligation.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

- Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised goods to customer. Goods are transferred when the customer obtains their control (i.e. either upon shipment or delivery of goods to customers). Revenue is measured based on the transaction price which is mutually agreed between the Company and the counterparty.
- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.
- Gains or losses arising on sale of investments are taken to income in the period in which they arise.
- Return on investment and deposits with banks is recognized on an accrual basis.

#### 4.11 Investment in subsidiary

These are investment in entities that are controlled by the Company. Investment in subsidiary company is stated at cost less provision for impairment, if any.

The company considers that a decline in the recoverable value of an investment in a subsidiary below its cost may be an evidence of impairment. Recoverable value is calculated as the higher of fair value less cost to sell and value in use. An impairment loss is recognized when the recoverable value falls below the carrying value and is charged to the profit or loss account. A subsequent reversal of an impairment loss, up to the cost of the investment in the subsidiary, is credited to the statement of profit or loss.

#### 4.12 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current tax rates after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any or on turnover at the specified rates or Alternate Corporate Tax as defined in section 113C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whichever is higher. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise due to assessment framed / finalized during the year.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the statement of financial position method for all temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts appearing in these unconsolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

#### Levy under IFRIC 21

The company designate the amount calculated on gross amount of revenue as a levy within the scope of IFRIC 21 and recognize it as an operating expense. Any excess over the amount designated as a levy is then recognized as a current income tax expense falling under the scope of IAS 12.

#### 4.13 Profit distribution and other appropriations of profit

Profit distribution and other appropriations of profit are recognized in the year in which these are approved. Transfer to reserve and any of the mandatory appropriations as may be required by law are recognized in the period to which these relate.

5 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	UIPMENT											
			COST				ACCUIN	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	CIATION		BOOK VALUE	DEPRECIATION
June 30, 2025	As at July 1, 2024	Merger Adjustment	Additions	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2025	As at July 1, 2024	Merger Adjustment	Charge for the period	Disposal / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2025	As at June 30, 2025	rate per annum %
Furniture and fittings	16,090,094	,			16,090,094	7,810,054		414,000		8,224,054	7,866,040	2
Books	36,000	,	•	•	36,000	29,944		1,212	•	31,156	4,844	20
Vehicles	18,381,025	1	1	1	18,381,025	8,872,160		1,901,772	1	10,773,932	7,607,093	20
Computer equipment	2,742,233	,	•	1	2,742,233	2,089,155		130,619	ı	2,219,774	522,459	20
Office equipment and appliances	4,261,259	,	297,321	(005'69)	4,489,080	3,341,098	•	207,573	(27,623)	3,521,048	968,032	20
Total	41,510,611		297,321	(69,500)	41,738,432	22,142,411	.	2,655,176	(27,623)	24,769,964	16,968,468	
			COST				ACCUN	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	CIATION		BOOK VALUE	DEPRECIATION
June 30, 2024	As at July 1, 2023	Merger Adjustment	Additions	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2024	As at July 1, 2023 Rupees	Merger Adjustment	Charge for the period	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2024	As at June 30, 2024	rate per annum %
Furniture and fittings		16,090,094			16,090,094	ı	7,732,392	77,662		7,810,054	8,280,040	2
Books		36,000			36,000		29,710	234		29,944	950'9	20
Vehicles		18,381,025			18,381,025		8,505,082	367,078		8,872,160	9,508,865	20
Computer equipment		2,742,233			2,742,233		2,063,944	25,211		2,089,155	653,078	20
Office equipment and appliances		4,261,259		1	4,261,259	,	3,305,576	35,522		3,341,098	920,161	20
Total		41,510,611			41,510,611		21,636,704	505,707		22,142,411	19,368,200	

for the year ended June 30, 2025

			2025 ← Rupe	2024 ees ————
6	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Cost As at 01 July, 2024 Merger Adjustment Addition / (deletion) As at June 30, 2025		5,020,625 - 312,500 5,333,125	5,020,625 - 5,020,625
	Accumulated Amortization As at 01 July, 2024 Merger Adjustment Charge for the period As at June 30, 2025		5,020,625 - 62,497 5,083,122	4,851,569 169,056 5,020,625
	Book value as at June 30, 2025  Amortization - rate per annum		250,003	20%
7	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Investment in Subsidiary - at cost Equity Investments	7.1 7.2	225,010,000 150,678,762 375,688,762	225,010,000 108,499,659 333,509,659

UDL Financial Services Limited an unquoted Company, incorporated on February 22, 2023 is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The paid up share capital of the subsidiary is divided into 22,501,000 (June: 22,501,000 shares) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each. The Company has accounted for the investment in subsidiary at cost as per IAS-27. The aggregate break up value of subsidiary as per its Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2025 is Rs. 9.73 (June 30, 2024: Rs. 10.07).

		Note	2025 ← R	2024 upees ————
7.2	Equity Investments			
	Listed Companies - at fair value other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	7.3	150,678,762	108,499,659

#### 7.3 Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

	2025	2024	2025	2024
	← Number	of Shares $\longrightarrow$	←—— Rı	upees
Food and Personal Care Products Gillette Pakistan Limited Al Shaheer Corporation At-Tahur Itd (PREMA)	183,385 121,666 -	183,385 121,666 21,615	41,850,290 939,262 -	23,812,542 981,845 302,826
Pharma & Bio Tech The Searle Company Limited AGP Limited IBL HealthCare Limited	447,451 - 24,441	447,451 20,000 24,441	39,241,452 - 1,530,007	25,558,401 1,847,400 755,471
Chemicals United Distributors (Pakistan) Limited Sitara Peroxide Limited	446,919 34,500	446,919 34,500	29,492,185 513,705	16,719,240 457,125
Textile Composite International Knitwear Limited United Brands Limited Rupali Polyester Limited Nishat Mills Limited	832,153 219,570 100,000 25,000	832,153 219,570 100,000 25,000	16,842,777 5,484,859 2,715,000 3,147,000	10,959,455 2,525,055 1,626,000 1,771,250
Technology & Communication Worldcall Telecom Limited Netsol Technologies	195,000 50,000	195,000 -	308,100 6,648,000	245,700 -
Power Generation & distribution K-Electric Limited	374,500	374,500	1,966,125	1,733,935
Cement Power Cement Limited Fauji Cement	- -	404,826 281,250	-	2,226,543 6,443,438
Gas Distribution Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited Sui Southern Gas Pipelines Limited	-	4,713 6,000		299,134 56,880
Modaraba BRR Guardain Limited	-	1,982	-	22,793
Engineering International Steels	-	99,576	-	8,419,151
Real Estate Investment Dolmen City REIT	-	105,500	-	1,735,475
	3,054,585	3,950,047	150,678,762	108,499,659

			Note	2025	2024
			+	——— Rupe	ees ———
8	LONG TERM DEPOSITS				
	Security Deposit			1,050,000	1,050,000
	Others		_	570,350 1,620,350	<u>570,350</u> 1,620,350
			=	1,020,000	1,020,030
9	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS				
	At Fair Value through profit or loss account (F	VTPL)			
	HBL Islamic Money Market Fund - HBL AMC	,		-	80,385,955
	Faysal Islamic Cash Fund Listed securities		9.1	- 59,061,265	22,266,072 28,298,835
	2.5154 5554.11.55			59,061,265	130,950,862
			_		
9.1	At FVTPL- Listed securities				
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		← Number c	of Shares $\longrightarrow$	← Rup	oees
	Food and Personal Care Products				
	Gillette Pakistan Limited	91,000	91,000	20,767,110	11,816,350
	Treet Corporation	250,000	-	5,917,500	-
	Pharma & Bio Tech				
	Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited	-	100	-	73,298
	Otsuka Pakistan The Searle Company Limited	50,000 100,000	- 139,291	14,715,500 8,770,000	- 7,956,302
	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	-, -, -,	,,
	Oil & Gas Exploration/Marketing Oil And Gas Development Company Limited	_	28,000	_	3,790,360
	Pakistan State Oil Limited	_	10,000	_	1,662,100
	Shell Pakistan Limited	-	20,000	-	2,682,000
	Mari energies Limited	8,000	-	5,015,120	-
	Synthetic & Rayon				
	Image Pakistan	150,000	-	3,669,000	-
	Engineering				
	Huffaz Seamless Pipe Industries Limited	23,500	23,500	207,035	318,425
	=	672,500	311,891	59,061,265	28,298,835_

for the year ended June 30, 2025

		Note	€ 2025	Rupees	2024 →
10	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES				
	Loan to employees - unsecured Sindh sales tax receivable Receivable from brokers Prepayments Federal sales tax refundable Security deposits Others		1,925,8 1,589,7 894,4 217,7 82,9 12,5 985,7 5,707,9	772 483 171 996 500 103	2,362,380 1,692,364 36,054 309,869 - 12,500 1,202,954 5,616,121
11	CASH AND BANK BALANCES				
	Cash in hand		15,5	552	1,150
	Cash at bank - Current accounts - Profit bearing accounts	11.1	137,774,3	328 2	18,501,223 21,086,503 39,588,876

11.1 This represents saving account which carries mark-up 4% to 9% per annum (2024 7% to 15%). The Company places all the funds with islamic banks.

#### 12 SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

#### 12.1 Authorized Share Capital

•	2025 ←— Number o	2024 f Shares —→		2025 ← Rupe	2024 ees→
_	50,000,000	50,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each paid in cash.	500,000,000	500,000,000
12.2	lssued, subsc	ribed and paid-	up capital		
	35,120,548	35,120,548	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each paid in cash. (for consideration of 351,205,480).	351,205,480	351,205,480
-	35,120,548	35,120,548		351,205,480	351,205,480



for the year ended June 30, 2025

		Note	€ 2025	Rupe	2024
13	UNREALIZED GAIN/(LOSS) ON REMEASUREMENT CARRIED OUT AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			·	
	Market value of equity investments Less: Cost of equity investments Less: deferred tax on revaluation of investment through OCI	7.3	150,678,7 (125,809,6 (3,108,6 21,760,4	668) 637)	108,499,660 (136,396,014) - (27,896,354)
	Opening balance Gain / (loss) on revaluation during the year-net off tax Closing balance		(27,896,3 49,656,8 21,760,4	<u> </u>	(27,198,360) (697,994) (27,896,354)
14	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY				
	Taxable / (deductible) temporary difference in respect of:				
	Property and equipment Intangible assets Unrealized loss on revaluation of financial - assets at fair value through profit or loss Unrealized loss on revaluation of financial assets at - fair value through other comprehensive income		1,086,6 54,3 2,904,9 3,108,6 7,154,6	377 976 337	- - - -
15	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES				
	Staff provident fund Withholding tax payable Others		2,003,4 2,003,4		90,192 388,566 2,034,710 2,513,468
16	SHORT TERM DEPOSIT				
	Security deposit for property	16.1	6,000,0		6,000,000

16.1 Represent the deposit received against the rented property from Searle Company Limited in 2018. Subsequently the property was sold to the Searle Company Limited and the final payment was received on 27 December 2021. However, the title of the property has not been transferred to date in the Searle Company Limited name. As soon as the title of the property is transferred, the security deposit received from the Searle Company Limited shall be released.

47		Note	€ 2025	Rupees	2024
17	UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND				
	Opening balance		29,364,1	30	-
	Transfer by way of scheme of merger			_	29,364,130
	Add: dividend declared during the year Less: dividend paid		(119,0	- 24)	-
	Closing balance		29,245,1	<u> </u>	29,364,130
17.1	Movement in dividend bank account				
	Opening balance		29,391,0	46	-
	Transfer by way of scheme of merger			-	29,391,046
	Dividend claim received and settled		(119,0	24)	-
	Profit received		1,446,0	47	-
	Amount transferred to other saving account		(1,459,8	49)	
	Closing balance		29,258,2	20	29,391,046
				=	

#### 18 **CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

There are no contingencies as at June 30, 2025 (June 24: Nil)

Commitments are disclosed below:

		2025		
	Upton one year	From one to five years	Over five years	Total
	<del></del>	Rupee	s	
Particulars Rental payments	2,576,816	-	-	2,576,816
		2024		
	Upton one year	From one to five years	Over five years	Total
	<del></del>	Rupee	s	
Particulars				
Rental payments	3,572,404	2,576,816	-	6,149,220
	•			

		Note	2025	- Rupees	2024
19	INVESTMENT AND OTHER INCOME			·	
	Listed securities -At fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) Listed Securities -At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) Profit on bank balances and debt securities Dividend income		26,739, 9,363,6 12,186, 5,256,2 53,545,	645 161 219	893,074 3,576,537 4,469,611
20	OPERATING EXPENSES				
	Salaries, directors' remuneration and other benefits Rent, rates and taxes Depreciation - owned assets Repair and maintenance Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Travelling and conveyance Utilities and communication Fee and subscription Auditors' remuneration Skincare business expenses Vehicles running and maintenance Insurance Share custody charges AGM expenses Entertainment and office expenses Donation Amortization Conservancy charges Merger related expenses Initial listing fee Other expenses	5 20.1	31,677,6 4,743,4 2,655,1 2,379,6 1,891,6 1,692,6 1,125,6 1,063,4 886,6 835,6 588,6 467,6 393,6 197,9 100,6 62,4 59,9	484 176 661 205 623 859 810 493 597 307 136 882 190 560 921 000 497 994 - - 750	5,682,197 720,628 505,707 288,047 12,915 84,999 663,853 195,239 135,173 440,000 - 72,172 84,167 45,000 - 165,913 - 169,058 20,301 1,031,229 489,269 10,620 10,816,487
20.1	Auditors' remuneration				
	Standalone financial statements Consolidated financial statements Half year review Out of pocket expenses Code of corporate governance review and other certifications		300,0 100,0 100,0 116,0 270,0 886,0	000 000 597 000	300,000 100,000 - 40,000 - 440,000

for the year ended June 30, 2025

		Note	2025 ← Rup	2024 ees ———
21	LEVY, MINIMUM TAX AND FINAL TAX		·	
	Final tax on dividends Capital gain tax Tax on bonus shares		788,433 2,107,644 358,968 3,255,045	547,644 - - 547,644
22	TAXATION			
	Deferred tax	14	4,046,034 4,046,034	<u> </u>
23	EARNING/(LOSS) PER SHARE - BASIC			
	Profit/(loss) after taxation		16,899,870	(8,644,757)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period		35,120,548	35,120,548
	Earning/(Loss) Per Share - Basic	23.1	0.48	(0.25)

23.1 There is no dilutive potential shares as at the year end.

#### 24 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTORS

The aggregate amount of remuneration charged in these financial statements, including benefits to Chief Exeucutive, Executive Director and Executives of the company are as under:

		2025		
	Chief Executive	Executive Director Rupees	Executives	Total
Managerial remuneration Perquisites	9,250,000 768,459 10,018,459	12,825,000 890,354 13,715,354	- - -	22,075,000 1,658,813 23,733,813
Number of person(s)	1	1	-	2
		2024		
	Chief Executive	Executive Director  Rupees	Executives	Total →
Managerial remuneration Perquisites	1,563,333 34,560 1,597,893	2,233,333 56,528 2,289,861	- - -	3,796,666 91,088 3,887,754
Number of person(s)	1	1	-	2

for the year ended June 30, 2025

- Executives denote employees, other than the Chief Executive and Executive Directors, whose basic salary exceeds twelve hundred thousand rupees in a financial year.
- The Chief Executive, Executive Director are also provided with Company maintained cars and other benefits in accordance with their entitlement as per Company's HR policy.
- The aggregate amount charged in these unconsolidated financial statements for meeting fees paid to independent directors including 3 non-executive 2 non- executive directors was Rs.950,000.

#### 25 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The objective of the company when managing capital i.e. its share holder's equity is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for share holders and benefits to other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses. The company primarily invests in term deposit receipts and diversified portfolio of listed securities. Such investments are subject to varying degrees of risk, which emanate from various factors. As at June 30,2025 the company had surplus reserves to meet its requirements.

#### 26 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 26.1 Financial risk management

The company's objective in managing risks is the creation and protection of share holder's value. Risk is inherent in the the company activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to the the company's continuing profitability. As at the balance sheet date, the the company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

#### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with various parties and continuous monitoring of credit worthiness of dealing parties. The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at June 30,2025 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

Investment in assets management companies
Other receivables
Short term deposit
Long term deposit
Bank balances

← Ruj	oees
-	102,652,027
985,103	1,202,954
12,500	12,500
1,620,350	1,620,350
137,774,328	39,587,726
140,392,281	145,075,557

2024

2025

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 27 CREDIT RISK RATING

The Company places all its funds with Islamic Banks. And the Company maintains balances with banks and term deposit receipts having reasonably high long term credit rating which are summarized as follows:

				2025	2024
Banks	Short term	Long term	Agency	← Rup	oees
Dailes	Short term	Long term	Agency		
Habib Bank	A1+	AAA	VIS	57,048,269	24,022,398
HBL Islamic Money Market Fund					
(HBL Asset Management Ltd)	-	-	-	-	80,385,955
Bank Islami Pakistan	A1	AA-	PACRA	81,843	27,115
Dubai Islamic Bank	-	-	-	-	93,067
Albaraka Islamic Bank	AA-	A1	VIS	201,537	14,781,821
Faysal Bank	A1+	AA+	VIS	55,783	219,124
Faysal Islamic Cash Fund					
-Faysal Funds	-	-	-	-	22,266,072
Askari Bank	A1+	AA+	PACRA	774,974	374,561
Bank Alfalah Limited				50,238,343	-
United Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	VIS	29,373,578	
				137,774,327	142,170,113

#### (i) Concentration of credit risk

Concentration is the relative sensitivity of the the company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

Concentration of risks arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic, political or other conditions.

The the company's portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

#### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the the company will not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

In the case of the company, the liquidity level of the company remained on satisfactory level during the year and the company did not face any difficulty or problem for generation of liquidity.

The financial instruments maturity profile is given below:

	2025	2024
Financial liabilities	← Rupe	ees
Accrued and other liabilities Short term deposits	2,003,483 6,000,000	2,513,468 6,000,000
Due to related party	-	4,824,707
Unclaimed profit distributions	29,245,106	29,364,130
	37,248,589	42,702,305



for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### (iii) Price risk

The risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market segments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The the company is exposed to unfavorable changes in fair values of investments as a result of changes in prices of securities. As at June 30, 2024, the fair value of equity exposed to price risk was as follows:

#### (iv) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies. The Company is not exposed to currency risk arising from currency exposure as Company is not involved in foreign currency transactions.

	Average Cost	Fair Value	Average Cost	Fair Value
	2025		2024	
	<del></del>	Rupe	es ———	
Equity investment	149,525,686	209,740,027	166,437,085	136,798,494

The the company's policy is to manage price risk through diversified and selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by Investment Committee. The majority of the the company's investments are publicly traded and are valued at the rates provided by stock exchange at which is set as per the trading trend and volumes in the security.

#### Profit risk

Profit rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market profit rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows.

2025	2024
← Rupe	ees
407 4000	04.000.500
137,774,328	21,086,503
-	102,652,027
137,774,328	123,738,530
	← Rupe  137,774,328

An increase of 100 basis points in profit rates would have increased / decreased the profit and loss by the amounts shown below. Reduction in profit rates by 100 basis points would have a vice versa impact. This analysis assumes that all variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the comparative period.

Asset / liability class (Having variable profit rates)	(Increase / Decrease) (+/-)	Changes in p	rofit / (loss)
,	,	2025	2024
		<b>←</b> —Rup	ees
Assets			
Bank deposits	100 basis points	1,377,743	210,865
Investments	100 basis points	-	1,026,520

Above sensitivities are calculated on the assumption that all factors remain constant except profit rates and resulting variation in fair values of the subjugated investments and impact on the profit and loss.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 28 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of all financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

	<b>←</b>	June 30,202 —— Rupees	25 	
	Carrying amount / Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Long term advances and deposits	1,620,350	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	137,789,880	-	-	-
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Listed securities	59,061,265	59,061,265	-	-
Financial assets at FVOCI				
Long term investments	150,678,762	150,678,762	-	-
Financial liabilities at amortized cost				
Accrued and other liabilities	2,003,483	-	-	-
Short term deposits	6,000,000	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	29,245,106	-	-	-

for the year ended June 30, 2025

	<del></del>	June 30,202 —— Rupees	24 	
	Carrying amount / Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Long term advances and deposits	1,620,350	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	39,588,876	-	-	-
Financial assets at FVTPL				
HBL Islamic Money Market Fund	80,385,955	80,385,955	-	-
Faysal Islamic Cash Fund	22,266,072	22,266,072	-	-
Listed securities	28,298,835	28,298,835	-	-
Financial assets at FVOCI				
Long term investments	108,499,659	108,499,659	-	-
Financial liabilities at amortized cost				
Accrued and other liabilities	2,513,468	-	-	-
Due to related party	4,824,707	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	29,364,130	-	-	-

28.1 The Company has not disclosed the fair value for the financial assets, as these are either short term in nature or repriced periodically. Therefore, there carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

		Yield ,	Yield / Profit bearing maturing	aturing	Non yiel	Non yield / Profit bearing maturing	aturing	
June 30, 2025		Within one year	After one year	Sub total	Within one year	After one year	Sub total	Total
Financial assets					— vanhees ——			
Long term investments Long term deposits Investments Advances, deposits, prepayments and		- 59,061,265	1 1 1 1	- 59,061,265 -	1,620,350	150,678,762	150,678,762 1,620,350 5,707,905	150,678,762 1,620,350 59,061,265 5,707,905
other receivables Cash and bank balances		137,774,328		137,774,328	15,552		15,552	137,789,881
	(A)	196,835,593		196,835,593	7,343,807	150,678,762	158,022,569	354,858,163
Financial liabilities								
Accrued and other liabilities Short term deposits Unclaimed profit distributions			1 1	1 1	2,003,483 6,000,000 29,245,106	1 1 1	2,003,483 6,000,000 29,245,106	2,003,483 6,000,000 29,245,106
	(B)	1		1	37,248,589	1	37,248,589	37,248,589
On-balance sheet gap	(A-B)	196,835,593		196,835,593	(29,904,782)	150.678.762	120.773.981	317,609,574

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movements of the yield curve.

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market profit rates.

YIELD / PROFIT RATE RISK EXPOSURE

The information about the company exposure to yield rate risk, based on contractual refinancing or maturity dates whichever is earlier, is as follows:

YIELD / PROFIT RATE RISK EXPOSURE

		Yield /	Yield / Profit bearing maturing	ıturing	Non yield	Non yield / Profit bearing maturing	aturing	
June 30,2024		Within one year	After one year	Sub total	Within one year — Rupees ——	After one year	Sub total	Total
Financial assets								
Long term investments Long term deposits		1 200000	1 1	1900000	1,620,350	108,499,659	108,499,659 1,620,350	1,620,350
Advances, deposits, prepayments and		130,330,002	ı	130,930,002	1 6	ı	1 3	700,006,001
other receivables Cash and bank balances				1 1	5,616,121		5,616,121	5,616,121
	(A)	21,086,503	•	21,086,503	18,502,373	•	18,502,373	39,588,876
Financial liabilities		152,037,365	1	152,037,365	25,738,844	108,499,659	134,238,503	286,275,868
Accrued and other liabilities		1		•	2,513,468	•	2,513,468	2,513,468
Due to related party		1	1	ı	4,824,707	1	4,824,707	4,824,707
Unclaimed profit distributions				•	29,364,130	•	29,364,130	29,364,130
	(B)	1	1	1	36,702,305	1	36,702,305	36,702,305
On-balance sheet gap	(A-B)	152,037,365		152,037,365	(10,963,461)	108,499,659	97,536,198	249,573,563

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 30 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprises of subsidiaries, associated companies, related group companies, key management personnel (KMP) / directors of the Company, companies in which directors are interested, staff retirement benefits and close members of the family of KMP.

The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with related parties on mutually agreed terms and do not involve more than a normal risk. Amounts due from and due to related parties are disclosed in the relevant notes to the unconsolidated financial statements.

Transactions with related parties during the year are given below:

			Note	2025 ← Rup	2024 ees
Name	Relationship	Nature			
UDL International Limited Staff Provident Fund	Staff Provident fund	Contribution		1,438,964	90,192
UDL Financial Services Limited	Subsidiary	Investment made by Scheme of arrangement		- 2	25,000,000
		Reimbursement of expenses/repayments	30.2	-	4,065,584
UDL Modaraba Management (Pvt) Ltd	Associate	Management Fee	30.2	-	759,123
Directors	Directors	Directors Remuneration & Meeting Fee	24	23,733,813	4,012,754
Other Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Other Key management positions	Salaries and benefits		3,455,470	380,126

- 30.1 None of the director and key management personnel had any arrangements with the Company other than their terms of employment.
- 30.2 Balance payable in 2024 paid in 2025
- 30.3 There were no closing balances with related parties as at June 30, 2025.

#### 31 GENDER PAY GAP

Mean Gender pay Gap 100% Median Gender pay Gap 100%

At present there is no female employee in the company, however, there is one female employee in the wholly owned subsidiary. If there is a future requirement UDLI would give first preference to hiring a female employee.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 32 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

To Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2025 has recomended a cash dividend of Rs. 0.50 paisa per share i.e. 5%.

		2025	- Number	2024
33	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	·	rambor	,
	Total employees (permenant)		11	11
	Average employees during the year		11	7

#### 34 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The comparative statement of financial position, presented in this financial information, as at June 30, 2024. The comparative statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity are not comparable due to post merger figures of April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024.

#### 35 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue on September 25, 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

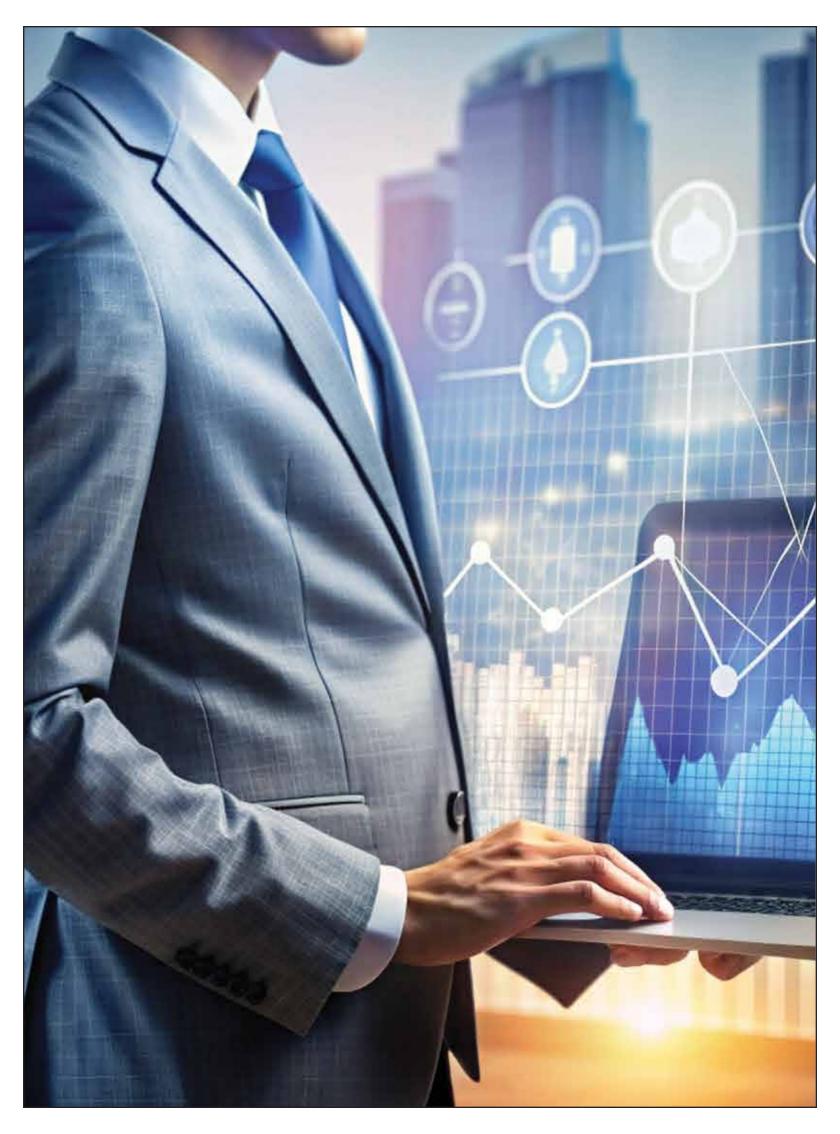
#### 36 GENERAL

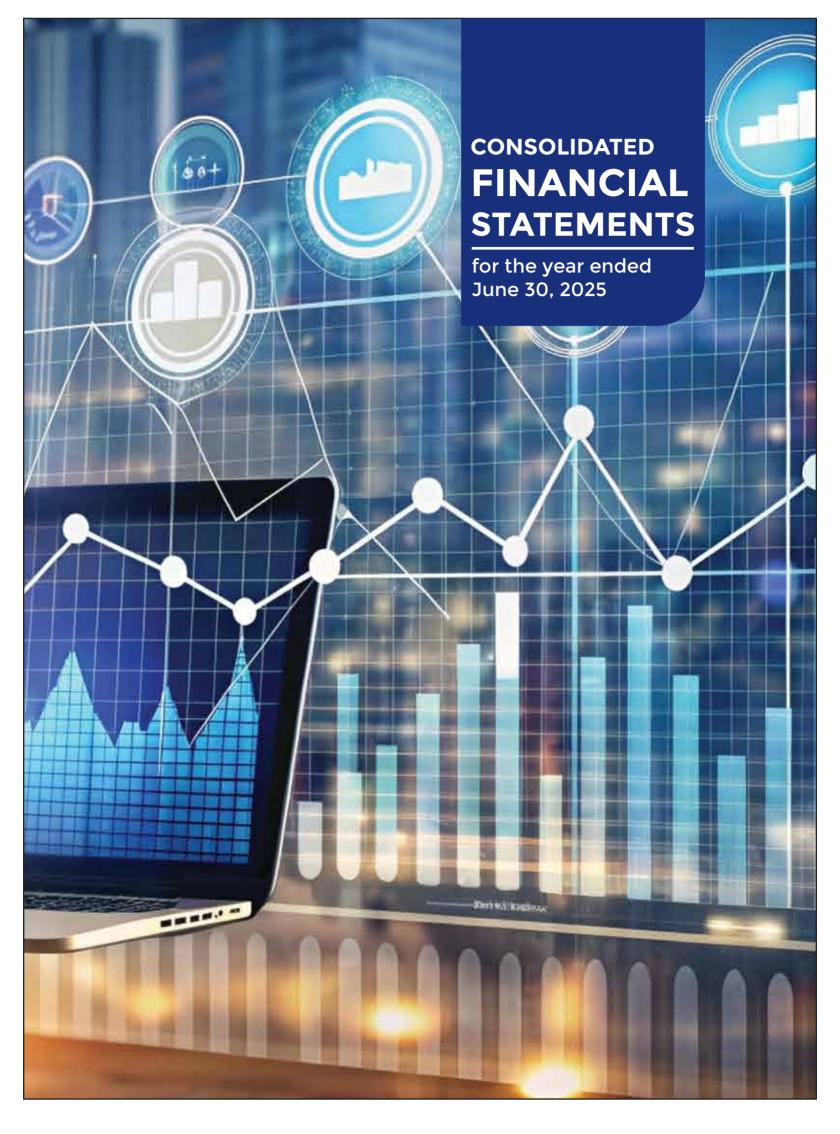
Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Styren Maryin

Director Syed Aamir Hussain







## **Financial Position Summary (Consolidated)**

		(R	s. in million)
Year Ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023
ASSETS			
Property and equipment	32.01	26.67	_
Intangible assets	0.50	-	-
Diminishing musharaka financing	109.00	12.08	-
Long term investments	150.68	108.50	-
Long term deposits	1.70	1.70	
	293.89	148.95	-
Short term investments	59.15	167.06	_
Current portion of diminishing musharaka financing	50.99	35.15	
Diminishing musharaka financing-rent receivable	0.29	0.71	
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	19.16	10.5	0.00
Taxation - net	23.47	18.90	-
Cash and bank balances	166.99	166.46	0.03
	320.06	398.78	0.03
TOTAL ASSETS	613.95	547.74	0.03
EQUITY			
Share capital	351.21	351.21	0.1
Un-appropriated profit(loss)	1.47	(7.94)	(0.22)
General reserve	192.81	192.81	_
Unrealized gain/(loss) on remeasurement carried out at			
fair value through other comprehensive income	21.76	(27.90)	-
_	567.25	508.18	(0.12)
LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	7.02	_	-
Trade and other payables	4.43	3.44	0.15
Short term deposit	6.00	6.00	-
Due to related party	-	0.76	-
Unclaimed dividend	29.25	29.36	
_	46.69	39.56	0.15
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			

## **Income Statement Highlights (Conslidated)**

		(F	Rs. in million)
Year Ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023
INCOME			
Revenue - Diminishing musharaka Investment and other income Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement	12.25 73.60	2.12 10.10	0.00
of investments at Fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)	23.17	(1.74)	
EVENIOSO	109.01	10.47	0.00
EXPENSES Operating expenses Financial charges	(91.83) (0.06)	(16.54) (0.01)	(0.22)
	(91.90)	(16.55)	(0.22)
Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax	17.12	(6.08)	(0.22)
Levy, minimum tax and final tax Taxation	(3.79) (3.91)	(0.75) (0.21)	-
	(7.70)	(0.96)	-
Profit/(loss) after taxation	9.42	(7.05)	(0.22)
Earning/(loss) per share - basic	0.27	(0.20)	(22.10)
Cash Dividend Stock Dividend	*	- -	-
Breakup Value Market Price on 30th June	16.15 11.10 *	14.47 8.00	(12.10) -
Dividend per share certificate (Rs.) Current Ratio Net Profit/ loss Margin %	8.07 9%	- 10.08 -67%	- 0.20 -9858%
Return on Equity (%) Return on Total Assets (%)	2% 2%	-1% -1%	-183% -749%
Dividend per share (%)	*	-	-

The comparative figures are not comparable due to post merger figures of April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024.

<sup>\*</sup>The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2025 has recommended a cash dividend of Rs 0.50 paisa per share i.e 5%.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS OF UDL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

1st & 3rd Floor, Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi, Pakistan.

T +92 21 35672951-56

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of UDL International Limited (the Company), which comprise of the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the accompanying consolidated statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. There were no key audit matters identified during our audit.

#### Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

 a) proper books of account have been kept by the Group as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);



- b) the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Group's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Shaukat Naseeb.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

Date: October 03, 2025

UDIN: AR2025101263t8I1oZrd

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

as at June 30, 2025

	Note	2025	2024
ASSETS		← Rup	ees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property and equipment Intangible assets Diminishing musharaka financing Long term investments Long term deposits	6 7 8 9 10	32,009,860 500,006 108,998,673 150,678,762 1,699,350 293,886,651	26,674,541 - 12,082,207 108,499,659 1,699,350 148,955,757
CURRENT ASSETS Short term investments Current portion of diminishing musharaka financing Diminishing musharaka financing-rent receivable Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Taxation - net Cash and bank balances	11 8 12 13	59,150,776 50,990,252 293,167 19,161,058 23,472,276 166,991,025 320,058,554	167,056,715 35,152,453 710,274 10,499,161 18,901,680 166,460,880 398,781,163
TOTAL ASSETS		613,945,205	547,736,920
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Accumulated profit /(loss) General reserve Income/(deficit) on revaluation of investments Total equity attributable to the equity holders of the holding Company	14 15	351,205,480 1,472,858 192,812,478 21,760,457 567,251,273	351,205,480 (7,944,086) 192,812,478 (27,896,355) 508,177,518
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liability	16	7,017,111	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Short term deposit Due to related party Unclaimed dividend	17 18 19	4,431,715 6,000,000 - 29,245,106 39,676,821	3,436,149 6,000,000 759,123 29,364,130 39,559,402
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		613,945,205	547,736,920
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	20		

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

The Your

Director Syed Aamir Hussain



## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ← Rupe	2024
		Παρ	
Revenue - Diminishing musharaka		12,253,002	2,115,791
Investment and other income	21	73,596,206	10,095,833
Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement		23,165,292	<u>(1,742,236)</u> 10,469,388
Operating expenses Financial charges Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax	22	(91,833,483) (62,176) 17,118,841	(16,543,896) (10,415) (6,084,922)
Levy, minimum tax and final tax	23	(3,793,422)	(752,310)
Profit/(loss) after levy, minimum tax and final tax		13,325,419	(6,837,233)
Taxation	24	(3,908,475)	(208,394)
Profit/(loss) for the period after taxation		9,416,944	(7,045,627)
Attributable to: Equity holders of the holding company Non-controlling interest		9,416,944 - 9,416,944	(7,045,627) - (7,045,627)
Earning/(loss) per share - basic and diluated	25	0.27	(0.20)

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Then Ymi-

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ← Rup	2024
Profit/(loss) after taxation		9,416,944	(7,045,627)
Other Comprehensive Income/(loss)			
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss:		-	-
Unrealized gain/(loss) on re-measurement of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)	15	49,656,811	(697,995)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		59,073,755	(7,743,622)
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the holding company		59,073,755	(7,743,622)
Non-controlling interest			
		59,073,755	(7,743,622)

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Then Your

Director Syed Aamir Hussain

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Share Capital	General Reserves	Accumulated (loss) / profit	(Deficit) / Surplus on revaluation of investment	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2023	100,000	-	(221,008)	-	(121,008)
Cancelled under scheme of merger	(100,000)	-	100,000	-	-
Share issued during the year	351,205,480	-	-	-	351,205,480
General reserves received from First UDL Modaraba	-	192,812,478	-	-	192,812,478
Accumulated loss received from First UDL Modaraba	-	-	(777,451)	-	(777,451)
Loss after taxation	-	-	(7,045,627)	-	(7,045,627)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(27,896,354)	(27,896,354)
Balance as at June 30, 2024	351,205,480	192,812,478	(7,944,086)	(27,896,354)	508,177,518
Balance as at July 01, 2024	351,205,480	192,812,478	(7,944,086)	(27,896,354)	508,177,518
Profit after tax	_	-	9,416,944	-	9,416,944
Comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	49,656,811	49,656,811
Total comprehensive income for year	_	-	9,416,944	49,656,811	59,073,755
Balance as at June 30, 2025	351,205,480	192,812,478	1,472,858	21,760,457	567,251,273

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Then Your

Syed Aamir Hussain

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW** for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ←——— Rup	2024 pees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(loss) before levy, minimum tax and final tax		17,118,841	(6,084,922)
Adjustment of non cash items:			
Depreciation on property and equipment	6	5,975,429	787,761
Amortization on intangible asset	7	124,994	170,738
Unrealized (gain)/loss on re-measurement of investments at FVTPL		(23,165,292)	1,742,236
Gain on disposal of asset		(2,417,464)	-
Dividend income		(5,414,100)	(3,576,537)
Financial charges		62,176	10,415
		(24,834,257)	(865,387)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(7,715,416)	(6,950,309)
Changes in working capital:			
Diminishing musharaka financing		(112,337,157)	6,716,760
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(8,661,897)	71,083
Trade and other payables		995,565	(161,057)
Due to related party		(759,122)	759,122
Unclaimed dividend		(119,024)	_
		(120,881,635)	7,385,908
Tax paid		(8,364,017)	(1,654,724)
Financial charges paid		(62,176)	, ,
Net cash used in operating activities		(137,023,244)	

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW** for the year ended June 30, 2025

	Note	2025 ← Rup	2024 ees
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment	6	(11,905,286)	_
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		3,012,000	-
Additions in intangible assets	7	(625,000)	-
Net investments during the year		141,657,575	7,669,170
Dividends received		5,414,100	3,576,537
Net cash generated from investing activities		137,553,389	11,245,707
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		530,145	10,016,167
Cash and cash equivalents by merger per scheme of arrangement	nent	_	156,415,558
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		166,460,880	29,155
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		166,991,025	166,460,880
Such and Such Equivalents at the end of the year		100,001,020	=======================================

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

= Hayin

Syed Aamir Hussain

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATION

### 1.1 The group consists of:

UDL International Limited (the holding Company), and its subsidiary namely UDL financial services limited

## **Holding Company**

The company was incorporated in Pakistan on May 19,2022 as a public unlisted company under Company Act 2017 and subsequently on July 10,2024 the company got listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). The registered office of the company is situated at 1st Floor, Business Enclave, 77-C, 12th Commercial Street, Off: Khayaban-e-Ittehad, DHA (Ext), Karachi. The company's principal line of business is to provide services legally permissible and also trading in products as permissible under Law. The Company has 100% shareholding in UDL Financial Services Limited.

### **Subsidiary Company**

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on February 22, 2023 as a Public unlisted company limited by shares under the Companies Act, 2017. The registered office of the Company is situated at Business Enclave, 77-C, 1st Floor, 12th Commercial Street, Phase II, Ext. DHA, Karachi. The principal line of business of the company shall be to carry on business of 'Investment Finance Services' (through Islamic Modes of Financing Only) as a licensed Investment Finance Company in accordance with the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and all the applicable laws, notifications, directive, engage in and perform all such activities, matters, deeds and things as are directly or indirectly prerequisite related or consequential thereto.

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directions issued under the Companies Act 2017.
- The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC regulations).

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differs from the IFRS and NBFC, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary together "the Group". The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the subsidiaries have been consolidated on a line by line basis and the carrying value of the investment held by the Holding Company has been eliminated against corresponding holding in subsidiaries' shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses have been eliminated.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared for the same reporting year as the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and the subsidiaries, using the same accounting policies which have being consistently applied.

In the consolidated financial statements, non-controlling interest (NCI) represents the portion of equity ownership in subsidiaries not attributable to the parent company. As of the reporting date, the Group holds 100% ownership in all subsidiaries, resulting in a non-controlling interest of nil. Consequently, no allocation of profit, loss, or equity is attributed to NCI for the period under review. All assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of the subsidiaries have been fully consolidated into the Group's financial statements, with no residual interest remaining for minority shareholders.

All material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated.

When the group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognized in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequent accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset.

#### 2.3 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' which is measured at fair value. All the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis, except for the statement of cash flows.

### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Group and have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

## 3 NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

## 3.1 Initial application of standards, amendments or interpretations to existing standards

The following amendments and interpretations to published accounting and reporting standards that are applicable to the entity's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:

for the year ended June 30, 2025

IAS 7	Amendments regarding supplier finance arrangements	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendment to defer the effective date of the January 2020 amendments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IAS 1	Amendments regarding the classification of debt with covenants	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS 9	Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

## 3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Company's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2024. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Company's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financials statements:

**Effective date** 

IFRS S1	IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability - related Financial Information	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS S2	Climate-related Disclosures	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
IFRS 18	Amendments to clarify how a seller-lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

## 3.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the entity

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on / after 01 July 2024. However, the Company expects that these standards will not have any material impact on the future financial statements of the Company:



for the year ended June 30, 2025

		Effective date
IFRS 7	Amendments regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected. In the process of applying the Group accounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the consolidated financial statements:

_	Determination of useful lives, pattern of flow of economic	Note
	benefits and impairment of fixed assets	5.1
-	Use ful life of intangible assets	5.2
-	Classification and valuation of investments	5.3
-	Provisions	5.9
-	Contingent liabilities	5.8
-	Provison for taxation	5.11
-	Deferred tax	5.11

## 5 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applies to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 5.1 Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method. In respect of depreciation on additions is charged from the month during which the asset is put to use. For disposals during depreciation is charged up to the month preceding the month of disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each year end. Gain or loss on disposal of assets, if any, is recognized as and when incurred. The group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

Note

for the year ended June 30, 2025

## 5.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any. Amortization is charged to profit and loss account applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, amortization is charged proportionately for the period of use. The group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that intangible assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, intangible assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

### 5.3 Financial Instruments

#### 5.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of bank balances, loans and advances are initially recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Bank balances and loans and advances are recognized when funds are transferred to the banks / employees.

All financial instruments are measured initially at their fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

The group classifies its financial assets into following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost.

## Financial assets

The group classifies its financial assets at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the group business model for managing them. Currently, the group has investment in mutual funds and recognized its investment at FVTPL model.

### i) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A debt instrument is measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

#### ii) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments
  of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding; or
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates
  or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise
  from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

### iii) Financial assets measured at FVOCI

#### Debt instrument

The Company measures debt instruments at FVOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- a) The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- b) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

For debt instruments at FVOCI, profit income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in the profit and loss account and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in Other Comprehensive Income is recycled to profit and loss account.

### **Equity instrument**

Upon initial recognition, the group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 - 'Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading'. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit and loss account. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss account when the right of payment has been established, except when the group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in Other Comprehensive Income.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The default rates are benchmarked and adjusted for forward looking information and the rates in provision matrix are based on days past due for various customer segments that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the group historical observed default rates which is then adjusted for forward looking information.

#### Financial liabilities

## Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

All financial liabilities of the company are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

## 5.3.2 Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the group has:

- a) transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- b) neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

## 5.3.3 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to recognize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 5.4 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and bank balance.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 5.5 Non-financial asset

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss, for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 5.6 Share capital and earning per share

The group presents basic and diluted earnings per certificate data for its ordinary share certificates. Basic earning per certificate is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders of the group by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the year. Diluted earning per certificate is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary share holders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary certificates.

Ordinary certificates are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new certificates or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 5.7 Retirement benefits

The group operates an approved funded contributory provident fund scheme for all its employees who are eligible under the scheme. Equal monthly contributions at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary are made by both group and its employees.

## 5.8 Contingent liabilities

Contingencies are disclosed when company has possible obligation that arises from past event and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of entity, or a present obligation that arises from past event but is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of recourse embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation or, when amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 5.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as provision is the best estimate of consideration required to settle the present obligation at end of reporting date, taking into account the risk and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

## 5.10 Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 and has applied the following accounting policy in the preparation of its financial statements.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition guidance found across several Standards and Interpretations within IFRSs.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

IFRS 15 establishes a new five-step model, explained below, that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers.

- Step 1 Identify the contract with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for each of those rights and obligations.
- Step 2 Identify the performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation in a contract is a promise to transfer a good or service to the customer.
- Step 3 Determine the transaction price: Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods and services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.
- Step 4 Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract has more than one performance obligation, the Company will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.
- Step 5 Recognize revenue as and when the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised goods to customer. Goods are transferred when the customer obtains their control (i.e. either upon shipment or delivery of goods to customers). Revenue is measured based on the transaction price which is mutually agreed between the Company and the counterparty.

- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.
- Gains or losses arising on sale of investments are taken to income in the period in which they arise.
- Return on investment and deposits with banks is recognized on an accrual basis.

#### 5.11 Levy and taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current tax rates after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any or on turnover at the specified rates or Alternate Corporate Tax as defined in section 113C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whichever is higher. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where necessary, relating to prior years which arise due to assessment framed / finalized during the year.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is recognized using the statement of financial position method for all temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts appearing in these consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

## Levy under IFRIC 21

The group designate the amount calculated on gross amount of revenue as a levy within the scope of IFRIC 21 and recognize it as an operating expense. Any excess over the amount designated as a levy is then recognized as a current income tax expense falling under the scope of IAS 12.

### 5.12 Profit distribution and other appropriations of profit

Profit distribution and other appropriations of profit are recognized in the year in which these are approved. Transfer to reserve and any of the mandatory appropriations as may be required by law are recognized in the period to which these relate.

6 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	JIPMENT												for
			COST				ACCUN	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	SIATION		BOOK VALUE	DEPRECIATION	r th
June 30, 2025	As at July 1, 202°	Merger Adjustment	Additions	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2025	As at July 1, 2024 Bupees	Merger Adjustment	Charge for the period	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2025	As at June 30, 2025	rate per annum %	e year
													en
Furniture and fittings	16,090,094		•	•	16,090,094	7,810,054		414,000	•	8,224,054	7,866,040	2	ıde
Books	36,000	•	•	i	36,000	29,944		1,212	•	31,156	4,844	20	d J
Vehicles	32,363,040	•	11,213,115	(2,282,000)	41,294,155	16,042,813		5,053,771	(1,729,339)	19,367,245	21,926,910	20	une
Computer equipment	3,644,592	•	347,650	i	3,992,242	2,500,201		292,632	1	2,792,833	1,199,409	20	30
Office equipment and appliances	4,281,579		344,521	(69,500)	4,556,600	3,357,752	1	213,814	(27,623)	3,543,943	1,012,657	20	, 20
Total	56,415,305		11,905,286	(2,351,500)	65,969,091	29,740,764		5,975,429	(1,756,962)	33,959,231	32,009,860		25
			FOCO				A C	HI ATED DEDDE	NOIT		DOOK VAN HE	NCEDECATION	
•			LCOSI				ACCUIN	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	JATION		BOUR VALUE	DEPRECIATION	
June 30, 2024	As at July 1, 2023	Merger Adjustment	Additions	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2024	As at July 1, 2023 Rupees	Merger Adjustment	Charge for the period	(Deletions) / (Adjustment)	As at June 30, 2024	As at June 30, 2024	rate per annum %	
Furniture and fittings		16,090,094	1	ı	16,090,094	ı	7,732,392	77,662	1	7,810,054	8,280,040	2	•
Books	ı	36,000	ı	ı	36,000	ı	29,710	234	1	29,944	6,056	20	
Vehicles	ı	32,363,040	ı	ı	32,363,040	ı	15,412,790	630,023	1	16,042,813	16,320,227	20	
Computer equipment	ı	3,644,592	ı	ı	3,644,592	ı	2,456,023	44,178		2,500,201	1,144,391	20	_
Office equipment and appliances	ı	4,281,579	ı	ı	4,281,579	ı	3,322,088	35,664		3,357,752	923,827	20	
Total	1	56,415,305			56,415,305	1	28,953,003	787,761		29,740,764	26,674,541		



			2025 ← Rup	ees
7	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Cost As at 01 July, 2024 Merger Adjustment Addition / (deletion) As at June 30, 2025		6,440,625 - 625,000 7,065,625	6,440,625 - 6,440,625
	Accumulated Amortization As at 01 July, 2024 Merger Adjustment Charge for the period As at June 30, 2025  Book value as at June 30, 2025		6,440,625 - 124,994 6,565,619 - 500,006	6,269,887 170,738 6,440,625
	Amortization - rate per annum		20%	20%
		Note		2024 ees ————
8	DIMINISHING MUSHARAKAH FINANCING			
	Secured Diminishing Musharakah Financing Allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) Less: Current portion	8.1 8.2	159,988,925 159,988,925 (50,990,252) 108,998,673	48,182,554 (947,894) 47,234,660 (35,152,453) 12,082,207
8.1	This represents Musharaka finance for a term of 2 to 7 years 14% to 23% per annum. All Diminishing Musharaka arrangem personal guarantees and promissory notes.			
			2025 ← Rup	2024
8.2	Allowance for ECL		Tiup	<del></del>
	Opening balance Merger adjustment (Reversal)/charge for the year Closing balance		947,894	914,710 33,184 947,894
	Considered good Other assets specifically mentioned Total balance		159,988,925 - 159,988,925	47,234,660 - 47,234,660
	i Otal Balario		100,000,020	<del>-1,20-,000</del>

as at June 30, 2025

as a	it durie 30, 2023				
			Note	2025 ←——— Rupe	2024
9	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			·	
	Listed Companies - At Fair Value Other			450.070.700	100 100 050
	Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)		9.1	150,678,762	108,499,659
9.1	Fair Value through Other Comprehensive	Income (FVOCI)	)		
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		← Number of	Shares —	← Rup	ees
	Food and Personal Care Products			·	
	Gillette Pakistan Limited	183,385	183,385	41,850,290	
	Al Shaheer Corporation	121,666	121,666 21,615	939,262	981,845
	At-Tahur ltd (PREMA)	-	21,013	-	302,826
	Pharma & Bio Tech				
	The Searle Company Limited	447,451	447,451	39,241,452	25,558,401
	AGP Limited IBL HealthCare Limited	- 24,441	20,000 24,441	1,530,007	1,847,400 755,471
	DE Frodici Gard Elimited	21,111	21,111	1,000,007	700, 17 1
	Chemicals	440.010	440.040	00 400 405	10.710.040
	United Distributors (Pakistan) Limited Sitara Peroxide Limited	446,919 34,500	446,919 34,500	29,492,185 513,705	16,719,240 457,125
	Stara i Grovide Elimited	04,000	04,500	310,703	407,120
	Textile Composite	000 450	000 450	10.040.777	10.050.455
	International Knitwear Limited United Brands Limited	832,153 219,570	832,153 219,570	16,842,777 5,484,859	10,959,455 2,525,055
	Rupali Polyster Limited	100,000	100,000	2,715,000	1,626,000
	Nishat Mills Limited	25,000	25,000	3,147,000	1,771,250
	Technology & Communication				
	Worldcall Telecom Limited	195,000	195,000	308,100	245,700
	Netsol Technologies	50,000		6,648,000	
	Power Generation & distribution				
	K-Electric Limited	374,500	374,500	1,966,125	1,733,935
	Cement				
	Power Cement Limited	_	404,826	_	2,226,543
	Fauji Cement	-	281,250	-	6,443,438
	Gas distribution				
	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	_	4,713	_	299,134
	Sui Southern Gas Pipelines Limited	-	6,000	-	56,880
	Modaraba				
	BRR Guardain Limited	-	1,982	-	22,793
	Engineering				
	Engineering International Steels	_	99,576	_	8,419,151
			-,-		, -, -
	Real Estate Investment Dolmen City REIT	_	105,500	_	1,735,475
	Donnor Ony Filer	3,054,585	3,950,047	150,678,762	



		١	lote	2025	2024
			•	Rı	ipees
10	LONG TERM DEPOSITS				
	Security Deposit			1,129,000	1,129,000
	Others		-	570,350 1,699,350	570,350 1,699,350
			=		<u> </u>
11	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS				
	At amortized cost Sukkuk bonds			89,511	-
	At Fair Value through profit or loss account HBL Islamic Money Market Fund - HBL AN			-	80,385,955
	Faysal Islamic Cash Fund Listed securities		11.1 _	59,061,265 59,150,776	58,371,925 28,298,835
			=	39,130,776	167,056,715
11.1	At FVTPL- Listed securities				
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		← Number o	f Shares —	← R	upees
	Food and Personal Care Products Gillette Pakistan Limited Treet Corporation	91,000 250,000	91,000 -	20,767,11 5,917,50	
	Pharma & Bio Tech		400		70.000
	Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited Otsuka Pakistan	50,000	100	14,715,50	
	The Searle Company Limited	100,000	139,291	8,770,00	0 7,956,302
	Oil & Gas Exploration/Marketing Oil And Gas Development Company Limited Pakistan State Oil Limited	-	28,000 10,000	-	3,790,360 1,662,100
	Shell Pakistan Limited	-	20,000	E 01E 10	2,682,000
	Mari energies Limited	8,000		5,015,12	-
	Synthetic & Rayon Image Pakistan	150,000		3,669,00	00 -
	Engineering Huffaz Seamless Pipe Industries Limited	23,500	23,500	207,03	318,425
		672,500	311,891	59,061,26	28,298,835
					<del>_</del>

		Note	2025	Rupe	2024
12	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES				
	Advance against diminishing musharaka for vehicle booking Loan to employees Sindh sales tax receivable Prepayments Others Receivable from brokers Accrued profit Security deposits Federal sales tax receivable		9,544,5 3,931,2 1,589,7 1,503,1 1,379,1 894,4 189,3 46,5 82,9	230 772 01 01 883 800 600	3,875,773 1,692,364 938,567 1,977,915 36,054 1,931,988 46,500
13	CASH AND BANK BALANCES				
	Cash in hand		61,7	'52	22,600
	Cash at bank - Current accounts - Profit bearing accounts	13.1	166,929,2		18,501,223 147,937,057 166,460,880
13.1	This represents saving account which carries mark-up 6% to all the funds with Islamic banks.	o 10.5%	per annum	. The Co	ompany places
14	SHARE CAPITAL				

## 14.1 Authorized certificate capital

	2025	2024		2025	2024
	←— Number o	f Shares		← Rupe	es
:	50,000,000	50,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.	500,000,000	500,000,000
14.2	lssued, subsc	ribed and paid-u	up capital		
	35,120,548	35,120,548	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each (for consideration of 351,205,480)	351,205,480	351,205,480
-	35,120,548	35,120,548		351,205,480	351,205,480

		Note	2025	2024 Rupees ————
15	INCOME/(DEFICIT) ON REVALUATION OF INVESTMENTS			
	Market value of investments Less: Cost of investments Less: deferred tax on revaluation of investment through OCI		150,678,762 (125,809,668 (3,108,637 21,760,457	8) (136,396,014) 7) -
	Opening balance Gain / (deficit) on revaluation during the year-net off tax		(27,896,354 49,656,81	
	Closing balance		21,760,457	(27,896,355)
16	DEFERRED TAX LIABLITY			
	This comprises the following:  Taxable / (deductible) temporary difference in respect of	of:		
	Property and equipment		894,744	4 -
	Intangible assets		108,754	4 -
	Unrealized loss on revaluation of financial		2,904,976	6 -
	<ul> <li>assets at fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>			-
	Unrealized loss on revaluation of financial assets at - fair value through other comprehensive income		3,108,637	7 -
			7,017,11	<u>-</u>
17	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Others		3,775,843	3 2,541,465
	Charity payable		615,518	
	WWF Payable		40,244	
	Withholding tax payable		110	3 463,559
	-Staff Provident Fund		-	297,116
			4,431,71	5 3,436,149
18	SHORT TERM DEPOSIT			
	Security deposit for property	18.1	6,000,000	6,000,000
			6,000,000	
18.1	Represent the deposit received against the rented propert Subsequently the property was sold to the Searle Comp			
	received on December 27, 2021. However, the title of the pin the Searle Company Limited name. As soon as the title of deposit received from the Searle Company Limited shall be	property of the p	y has not beer roperty is tran	n transferred to date
			2025	2024
19	UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND		<b>←</b> [	Rupees
	Opening balance		29,364,130	n -
	Transfer by way of scheme of merger		20,004,100	29,364,130
	Add: dividend declared during the year		_	-
	Less: dividend paid		(119,024	4) -
	Closing balance		29,245,100	

for the year ended June 30, 2025

2025 ←——— Rupe	2024 ees ————
29,364,130	-
-	29,364,130
(119,024)	-
1,446,047	-
(1,459,849)	-
29,231,304	29,364,130
	29,364,130 (119,024) 1,446,047 (1,459,849)

## 20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies as at June 30, 2025 (June 24 : Nil) Commitments are disclosed below:

		2025		
	Upton one year	From one to five years	Over five years	Total
Particulars	<del></del>	Rupe	es ———	
Rental payments	4,685,120	-	-	4,685,120
		2024		
	Upton one year	From one to five years	Over five years	Total
	<b>*</b>	Rupee	es ———	
Particulars Rental payments	6,548,520	4,685,120	-	11,233,640
			2025 ← Ru	2024 pees —
21 INVESTMENT AND OTHER IN	ICOME			
Realized gain on sale of secur Profit on bank balances & deb Dividend income Others			36,102,804 28,684,069 5,414,100 3,395,233 73,596,206	4,863,348 4,940,979 291,506 10,095,833

Other income included gain on sale of vehicle Rs.2.4m and reversal of provision of ECL Rs.0.9m. Dividend Income arising from investment in Islamic money market fund. The holding Company places all funds with Islamic banks.



		Note	2025 ← R	2024 upees
22	OPERATING EXPENSES			аросс
	Salaries, directors' remuneration and other benefits Rent, rates and taxes Depreciation on property and equipment Travelling and conveyance Repair and maintenance Legal and professional charges Utilities and communication Printing and stationery Fee and subscription Auditors' remuneration Vehicles running and maintenance Insurance Skincare business expenses Other expenses Share custody charges Entertainment and office expenses AGM expenses Amortization Donation Conservancy Charges Workers welfare fund Merger related expenses Provision of expected credit losses (ECL)	6 22.1	54,202,589 8,550,391 5,975,429 4,183,655 4,011,880 2,830,244 2,078,006 2,071,441 2,063,162 1,236,178 1,058,741 894,757 835,307 427,839 393,190 381,891 337,560 124,994 100,000 59,994 16,235	8,767,040 1,736,020 787,761 982,157 449,895 202,492 351,812 19,040 180,558 770,000 96,862 135,630 - 42,854 45,000 208,042 - 170,741 - 20,301 24,009 1,031,229 33,184
	Initial Listing fee	-	91,833,483	489,269 16,543,896
22.1	Auditors' remuneration	•		
	Standalone financial statements Consolidated financial statements Half year review Out of pocket expenses Code of Corporate Governance review and other certificate	tions :	600,000 100,000 100,000 166,178 270,000 1,236,178	600,000 100,000 - 70,000 - 770,000
23	LEVY, MINIMUM TAX AND FINAL TAX			
	Final tax on dividends Turnover tax Capital gain tax Tax on bonus shares Charged as per return Levy, minimum tax and final tax		812,114 401,827 2,147,121 358,968 73,392 3,793,422	752,310 - - - - - - 752,310

for the year ended June 30, 2025

		Note	2025 ← Rup	ees
24	TAXATION			
	Current Deferred		3,908,475 3,908,475	208,394
25	EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC & DILUTED			
	Profit/(loss) after taxation		9,416,944	(7,045,627)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period		35,120,548	35,120,548
	Earning/(loss) per share -Basic	25.1	0.27	(0.20)

25.1 There is no dilutive potential shares as at the year end.

#### 26 REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTORS

The aggregate amount of remuneration charged in these consolidated financial statements, including benefits to Chief Executive, Executive Director and Executives of the company are as under:

		2025		
	Chief Executive	Executive Director  Rupees	Executives	Total
Managerial remuneration	13,049,150	12,700,000	-	24,749,150
Perquisites Director's fee	887,204 275,000	890,354 125,000	- -	1,777,558 400,000
	14,211,354	13,715,354		27,926,708
Number of person(s)	2	1		3
	Chief Executive	Executive Director  Rupees	Executives	Total
Managerial remuneration	2,157,087	2,233,333	-	4,390,420
Perquisites	75,459	56,528	_	131,987
	2,232,546	2,289,861	_	4,522,047
Number of person(s)	2	1		3

- Executives denote employees, other than the Chief Executive and Executive Directors, whose basic salary exceeds twelve hundred thousand rupees in a financial year.
- The Chief Executive, Executive Director are also provided with Company maintained cars and other benefits in accordance with their entitlement as per Company's HR policy.



for the year ended June 30, 2025

### 27 TRANSACTION AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprises of subsidiaries, associated companies, related group companies key management personnel (KMP) / directors of the Company, companies in which directors are interested, staff retirement benefits and close members of the family of KMP.

The holding Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with related parties on mutually agreed terms and do not involve more than a normal risk. Amounts due from and due to related parties are disclosed in the relevant notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Transactions during the year

			Note	2025	2024
			•	Rupe	es ———
Name	Relationship	Nature			
UDL International Limited Staff Provident Fund	Staff Provident fund	Contribution and Loan		1,438,964	90,192
UDL Financial Services Limited Staff Provident Fund	Staff Provident fund	Contribution and Loan		2,595,440	206,936
UDL Modaraba Management (Pvt) Ltd	Associate	Management fee	27.2	-	759,123
Directors	Directors	Directors remuneration & meeting fee	26	27,926,708	4,647,407
Transaction between UDL International Ltd and UDL Financials Services Ltd	Holding and Subsidary- Net off tranasactions	Reimbursement of expenses / repayment	27.2	-	4,065,585
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Key management positions	Salaries and benefits		6,046,318	760,252

- 27.1 None of the director and key management personnel had any arrangements with the Company other than their terms of employment.
- 27.2 Balance payable in 2024 paid in 2025
- 27.3 There were no closing balances with related parties as at June 30, 2025.

### 28 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The objective of the the group when managing capital i.e. its shareholders equity is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses. The group primarily invests in Musharaka, term deposit receipts and diversified portfolio of listed securities. Such investments are subject to varying degrees of risk, which emanate from various factors. As at June 30, 2025, the group had surplus reserves to meet its requirements.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

## 29 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### 29.1 Financial risk management

The the group objective in managing risks is the creation and protection of share holder's value. Risk is inherent in the the group activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to the the company's continuing profitability. As at the balance sheet date, the the group is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

#### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The group attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with various parties and continuous monitoring of credit worthiness of dealing parties. The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at June 30, 2025 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

	2025 ←——— Rupe	2024 ees ————
Investment in assets management companies Bank balances	166,929,273 166,929,273	138,757,880 166,438,280 305,196,160

### 30 Credit risk ratings

The group maintains balances with banks and term deposit receipts having reasonably high long term credit rating which are summarized as follows:

			2025	2024
			← Rup	ees
Short term	Long term	Agency		
A1+	AAA	VIS	78,385,778	124,378,669
-	-	-	_	80,385,955
A1	AA-	PACRA	81,843	27,115
-	-	-		93,067
AA-	A1	VIS	952,620	15,434,086
A1+	AA+	VIS	55,783	219,124
-	-	-	-	58,371,925
A1+	AA	PACRA	774,974	374,560
A1+	AAA	PACRA	50,238,343	
A1+	AAA	VIS	36,439,931	25,842,019
			166,929,272	305,126,519
	A1+ A1 AA- A1+ - A1+ A1+ A1+	A1+ AAA  A1 AA-  A1 AA-  AA-  AA-  A1+  AA+  A1+  AA+  A1+  AA  A1+  AAA	A1+ AAA VIS  A1 AA- PACRA  AA- A1 VIS  A1+ AA+ VIS  A1+ AA+ AAA  A1+ AA PACRA  A1+ AAA PACRA	Rup  Short term Long term Agency  A1+ AAA VIS 78,385,778



for the year ended June 30, 2025

## (i) Concentration of credit risk

Concentration is the relative sensitivity of the the group performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location.

Concentration of risks arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic, political or other conditions.

The the group portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

## (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group will not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

In the case of the group, the liquidity level of the group remained on satisfactory level during the year and the group did not face any difficulty or problem for generation of liquidity.

0005

0004

The financial instruments maturity profile is given below:

	2025	2024
	← Rupe	es
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payable	4,431,713	3,436,149
Short term deposit	6,000,000	6,000,000
Due to related party	-	759,123
Unclaimed dividend	29,245,106	29,364,130
	39,676,819	39,559,402

## (iii) Market risk

#### Price risk

The risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market segments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. The group is exposed to unfavorable changes in fair values of investments as a result of changes in prices of securities. As at June 30, 2025, the fair value of equity exposed to price risk was as follows:

	Average Cost	Fair Value	Average Cost	Fair Value	
	202	_		4	
	<del>\</del>	———— Rup	- Rupees		
Equity investment	161,631,122	209,740,027	166,437,085	136,798,494	

for the year ended June 30, 2025

The group policy is to manage price risk through diversified and selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by Investment Committee. The majority of the group investments are publicly traded and are valued at the rates provided by stock exchange at which is set as per the trading trend and volumes in the security.

#### Profit risk

Profit rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market profit rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows. The group has lease financing portfolio. The majority of lease financing portfolio is linked with KIBOR rate as a benchmark. The group reviews KIBOR on lease financing portfolio on quarterly/six monthly basis. As at June 30, 2025 the profit of the company's variable value financial instruments were as follows:

Assets	2025 ← Rup	2024 ees ────
Diminishing Musharkah Financing	159,988,925	47,234,660
Bank deposits	137,774,328	147,937,058
Investments	89,511	138,757,880
	297,852,764	333,929,598

An increase of 100 basis points in profit rates would have increased / decreased the profit and loss by the amounts shown below. Reduction in profit rates by 100 basis points would have a vice versa impact. This analysis assumes that all variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the comparative period.

Asset / liability class (Having variable profit rates)	(Increase / Decrease) (+/-)	Changes in p	orofit / (loss)
		2025	2024
		<b>←</b> —Rup	ees
Assets			
Diminishing Musharakah Financing	100 basis points	1,599,889	472,347
Bank deposits	100 basis points	1,377,743	1,479,371
Investments	100 basis points	895	1,387,579

Above sensitivities are calculated on the assumption that all factors remain constant except profit rates and resulting variation in fair values of the subjugated investments and impact on the profit and loss.

## 31 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value.

for the year ended June 30, 2025

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of all financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

_	-					
	<del></del>	June 30,2025 ← Rupees — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —				
	Carrying amount / Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Financial assets at amortized cost Long term advances and deposits HBL Islamic Money Market Fund	1,699,350	- -	-	-		
Cash and bank balances Diminishing Musharakah Financing	166,991,025 160,282,092	-	-	-		
Financial assets at FVPL HBL Islamic Money Market Fund	-	-	-	-		
Faysal Islamic Cash Fund Listed securities	59,150,776	59,150,776	-	-		
Financial assets at FVOCI Long term investments	150,678,762	150,678,762	-	-		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost Accrued and other liabilities Short term deposit	4,431,715 6,000,000	-	-	- -		
Unclaimed profit distributions	29,245,106	-	-	-		
	<del>\</del>	June 30,202 —— Rupees	<u>2</u> 4			
	Carrying amount / Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Financial assets at amortized cost Long term advances and deposits	1,699,350	-	-	-		
HBL Islamic Money Market Fund Faysal Islamic Cash Fund	80,385,955 58,371,925	-	-	-		
Cash and bank balances Diminishing Musharaka Financing	166,460,880 47,944,934	-	-	-		
Financial assets at FVPL	00 005 055	00 005 055				
HBL Islamic Money Market Fund Faysal Islamic Cash Fund	80,385,955 58,371,925	80,385,955 58,371,925	-	-		
Listed securities	28,298,835	28,298,835	-	-		
Financial assets at FVOCI Long term investments	108,499,659	108,499,659	-	-		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost Accrued and other liabilities	9,436,149	-	-	_		
Due to related party Unclaimed profit distributions	759,123 29,364,130	-	- -	- -		

	⋛
:	⋚
•	ĭ
	as
	<u>S</u>
	ē,
:	ᄀ
	Õ
	<u>s</u>
	ĕ
	je L
	ੂ
•	⋛
	တ္ထ
	dates
•	ŏ
:	₹
	₫
	Ŋ
	or mat
	0
	gu
	2
	na
ï	retir
	=
	ctus
	æ
	_
	ğ
	on con
	ō
	Φ
	as
•	sk, b
:	ris <del>X</del>
	rate
	ate
	yeldr
	₫
	$\sim$
	е 5
	Ē
	ī
	ödx
	e V
	an)
	હ્યુ
	O
	ŏ
	The
	Ę
	ğ
•	ag
	5
	_
:	ä
:	mat
:	tormat
	: Intormat
: :	he intormat

		7	Low Sain on History /	3	I Comment	orizont Hand	3	
		rieid	Yield / Profit bearing maturing	uring	Non yield	Non yield / Pront bearing maturing	aturing	
June 30, 2025		Within one year	After one year	Sub total	Within one year 	After one year	Sub total	Total
Financial assets Long term investments Long term deposits Investments Diminshing musharkah financing Diminishing musharakah financing-rent receivable and Other receivables Cash and bank balances	ble (A)	59,150,776 108,998,673 166,991,025 335,140,474	50,990,252	59,150,788 159,988,925 166,991,025 386,130,738	1,699,350	150,678,762	150,678,762 1,699,350 - 293,167 - 152,671,279	150,678,762 1,699,350 59,150,788 159,988,925 293,167 166,991,025
Financial liabilities Accrued and other liabilities Due to related party Short term deposit Un claimed dividend On-balance sheet gap	(B) (A-B)	- - - 335,140,474		- - - 386,130,738	4,431,715 6,000,000 29,245,106 39,676,821 (37,684,304)	- 150,678,762	4,431,715 6,000,000 29,245,106 39,676,821 112,994,458	4,431,715 6,000,000 29,245,106 39,676,821 499,125,196
2024								
Financial assets  Long term investments  Long term deposits  Investments  Diminishing musharkah financing  Advances denosits nepayments and	ble	- 167,056,715 35,152,453	- 12,082,207	- 167,056,727 47,234,660	1,699,350 - 710,274	108,499,659	108,499,659 1,699,350 - 710,274	1 108,499,659 1,699,350 167,056,727 47,234,660 710,274
other receivables Cash and bank balances		147,937,058		147,937,058	10,499,161 18,523,823		10,499,161 18,523,823	10,499,161 166,460,880
	(A)	350,146,226	12,082,207	362,228,433	31,432,600	108,499,659	129,433,106	502,160,695
Financial liabilities Accrued and other liabilities Due to related party Unclaimed profit distributions		1 1 1		1 1 1	9,436,149 759,123 29,364,130	1 1 1	9,436,149 759,123 29,364,130	9,436,149 759,123 29,364,130
On-balance sheet gap	(B) (A-B)	350,146,226	12,082,207	362,228,433	39,559,402	108,499,659	39,559,402	39,559,402

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movements of the yield curve.

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market profit rates.

YIELD / PROFIT RATE RISK EXPOSURE



for the year ended June 30, 2025

		€ 2025	- Number	2024 ———————————————————————————————————
33	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
	Total employees (permenant)		20	19
	Average employees during the year		20	19

## 34 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The comparitive statement of financial position, presented in this financial information, as at June 30, 2024. The comparative statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity are not comparable due to post merger figures of April 23, 2024 to June 30, 2024.

#### 35 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 25, 2025 has recommended a cash dividend of Rs. 0.50 paisa per share i.e 5%.

#### 36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue on September 25, 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

## 37 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

Chief Executive Officer Shuja Malik

Styren Marin

Director Syed Aamir Hussain Chief Financial Officer Muhammad Faisal Siddiqui

tiddique

## **Pattern of Shareholding**

	Shareholdings'Slab			
Number of Shareholders	From		То	Total Shares Held
791	1	to	100	29,065
791	101	to	500	195,760
327	501	to	1000	240,424
908	1001	to	5000	1,792,614
139	5001	to	10000	985,351
61	10001	to	15000	756,928
33	15001	to	20000	578,509
35	20001	to	25000	803,488
24	25001	to	30000	668,150
10	30001	to	35000	320,181
9	35001	to	40000	341,367
3	40001	to	45000	126,952
9	45001	to	50000	448,000
5	50001	to	55000	262,201
4	55001	to	60000	234,131
6	60001	to	65000	384,096
4	65001	to	70000	269,650
3	70001	to	75000	222,741
2	75001	to	80000	157,500
1	80001	to	85000	84,666
3	85001	to	90000	265,595
2	90001	to	95000	186,845
6	95001	to	100000	592,151
1	100001	to	105000	102,800
3	110001	to	115000	333,264
1	130001	to	135000	134,410
1	135001	to	140000	139,089
1 2	145001 150001	to to	150000 155000	150,000 307,065
1	155001	to	160000	159,054
1	165001	to	170000	167,706
1	195001	to	200000	200,000
2	200001	to	205000	400,140
1	205001	to	210000	208,643
1	220001	to	225000	225,000
1	225001	to	230000	226,270
1	295001	to	300000	300,000
1	325001	to	330000	328,757
1	345001	to	350000	346,367
1	350001	to	355000	351,912
1	360001	to	365000	364,000
1	440001	to	445000	441,073
1	505001	to	510000	509,500
1	595001	to	600000	600,000
1	880001	to	885000	881,900
2	995001	to	1000000	1,996,500
1	1180001	to	1185000	1,185,000
1	1995001	to	2000000	1,999,694
1	2015001	to	2020000	2,015,255
1	4525001	to	4530000	4,527,003
1	6570001	to	6575000	6,573,781
3209				35,120,548

## **Categories of Shareholders**

As at June 30, 2025

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage (%)
Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse(s)			
and minor children			
KHALID MALIK	2	5,712,003	16.26
QAISER AHMED MAGOON	1	500	0.00
ABDUL RAHIM SURIYA	1	500	0.00
MAJID HASAN	1	4,055	0.01
SHUJA MALIK	1	2,015,255	5.74
SHAHIDA MALIK	1	1,999,694	5.69
SYED AMIR HUSSAIN	1	500	0.00
RAHAILA IZZET ALEEM	1	500	0.00
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	5	9,179,060	26.14
NIT and ICP	1	5,842	0.02
Banks Development Financial Institutions,			
Non-Banking Financial Institutions	7	7,725	0.02
The state of the s	•	. ,0	5.52
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	11	395,582	1.13
General Public			
a. Local	3128	14,113,196	40.19
b. Foreign	15	107,040	0.30
Foreign Companies	1	2,863	0.01
Others	32	1,576,233	4.49
	3,209	35,120,548	100.00
Share holders holding 100% or mare		Shares Held	Percentage
Share holders holding 10% or more			_
KHALID MALIK		5,712,003	16.26
EAM VENTURES (PRIVATE) LIMITED		6,573,781	18.72

## **Notice of Annual General Meeting**

Notice is hereby given that the 4<sup>TH</sup> Annual General Meeting of UDL International Limited will be held on Monday, October 27, 2025 at 10:00 am at NBFI & Modaraba Association of Pakistan, Office No. 602, Progressive Centre, 30-A, Block-6, PECHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, to transact the following business:

## **Ordinary Business:**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on October 28, 2024.
- To receive, consider and approve the unconsolidated and consolidated audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025 together with the Directors' Report and Auditors' Report thereon and Chairmans' Review Report
- 3. As required under section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017 (the "Act"), Financial Statements of the Company have been uploaded on the website of the Company which can be downloaded from the following link and/or QR enabled code.

https://udl.com.pk/Annual\_Reports.html

- To declare and approve, as recommended by the Directors, the payment of final cash dividend at the rate of Re.0.50 paisa per share i.e. 5% for the year ended June 30, 2025.
- To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year 2025-2026. The present Auditors
  Grant Thornton Anjum Rehman, Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer
  themselves for the re-appointment as auditors of the Company.
- 6. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

Dated:-05-10-2025 Karachi. BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD Muhammad Faisal Siddiqui

tiddique

Company Secretary

#### Notes:

- The shareholders whose names appear on the register of shareholders of UDLI on the close of business as on October 20, 2025 would be eligible to attend the AGM.
- 2. The share transfer books of the company will remain closed from 21st Oct 2025 to 27th Oct, 2025 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Registrar, CDC Share Registrar Service Ltd., CDC House, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, before the close of business hours on Monday Oct 20, 2025 would be eligible to vote.
- 3. The shareholders are requested to immediately notify change in their addresses, if any, at the registered address of the Company.
- 4. A Shareholder of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may attend the meeting personally or appoint a shareholder as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received by the Company at the abovementioned address, not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

## For attending the Meeting:

- 5. In case of an individual, the account holder or sub-account holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original computerized national identity card (CNIC).
- 6. In case of corporate entity, the board of directors' resolutions / power of attorney, along with the specimen signature of the nominee, shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

## For appointing Proxies:

- 7. In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- 8. Two persons, whose names, addresses, and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form, shall witness the Proxy.
- 9. Attested copies of CNIC of the beneficial owner and proxy shall be furnished along with the proxy form.
- 10. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC at the time of the meeting.
- 11. In case of corporate entity, the board of directors' resolutions / power of attorney, along with the specimen signature of the nominee, shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) along with the Proxy form to the Company.

## Video Conferencing Facility:

In terms of Companies Act, 2017, members residing in a city holding at least 10% of the total paid-up share capital may demand the facility of Video Link for participating in the Annual General Meeting. The request for video-link facility shall be received by the Company at the registered address at least 7 days prior to the date of the meeting. The facility would be provided subject to availability of such facility in that City.

I/We_	of	be	eing a member of UDI	International Limited,
holder of	Ordinary Sh	res as per Reg	gistered Folio #	hereby opt
for video conference	ce facility at		,	

## Video Link Facility for Meeting:

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has advised vide circular No 4 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021 to provide participation of the members through electronic means. The members can attend the AGM via, Video Link. To attend the meeting through Video Link, members and their proxies are requested to register themselves by providing the following information along with valid copy of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) (Both Sides)/ passport, attested copy of board resolution/power of attorney (in case of corporate shareholders) through email at <a href="mailto:info@udl.com.pk">info@udl.com.pk</a> by Oct 20, 2025.

Name of Member/Proxy Holder	CNIC#	Folio #/ CDC Account #	Cell#	Email ID
100				
• •	*			

## Conversion of Physical Shares into CDC Account:

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has issued a letter No. CSD/ED/Misc./2016 639-640 dated March 26, 2021 addressed to all listed companies drawing attention towards the provision of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 (Act) which requires all companies to replace shares issued to them in physical form with shares in the Book-Entry-form within a period not exceeding four years from the date of the promulgation of the Act.

In order to ensure full compliance with the provisions of the aforesaid Section 72 and to benefit from the facility of holding shares in the Book-Entry-Form, the shareholders who still hold shares in physical form are requested to convert their shares in the Book-Entry-Form, as soon as possible.

The shareholders may contact their Broker, CDC Participant or CDC Investor Account Service Provider for assistance in opening a CDS Account and subsequent conversion of the physical shares into book-entry form. It would facilitate the shareholders in many ways including safe custody of shares, avoidance of formalities required for the issuance of duplicate shares, etc.

## Unclaimed Dividend / Shares under Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017

An updated list for unclaimed dividend/shares of the Company is available on the Company's website www.udl.com.pk. These are unclaimed dividend/shares which have remained unclaimed or unpaid for a period of three years from the date these have become due and payable. Claims can be lodged by shareholders on Claim Forms as are available on the Company's website.

## PLACEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ON COMPANY'S WEBSITE:

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025 have been placed on the website of the Company www.udl.com.pk.

## RESTRICTION ON DISTRIBUTION OF GIFTS TO SHARES HOLDER.

In view of prohibition under section 185 of the companies Act, 2017. The Company does not distribute gift in any form to its members in any General Meeting.

## اطلاع سالانه اجلاس عام

بذر بعه باذ الطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ یوڈی ایل انٹریشٹل کمیٹڈ کا چوتھاسالا نہ اجلاس عام بروز بیر، ۱۲۷ کتوبر۲۰۲۵ءکومیج ۱۰۰۰ بے بمقام این بی ایف آئی اینڈ مضار بہ ایسوی ایش آف پا کستان ، آفس نمبر ۲۰۲۲، بروگریسیوسینٹر ، ۳۰ اے ، بلاک ۲۰، بی ای سی ایج ایس ، شاہراہ فیصل ، کرا چی میں درج ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد کیا جائے گا:

## عمومي كارروائي

- ا ۔ گزشته سالا نه اجلاس عام منعقده ۲۸ اکتوبر۲۰۲۴ کی کارروائیوں کی توثیق۔
- ۲۔ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ءکو تم ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے غیر مجموعی اور مجموعی آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات ،مع ان پرڈائز کیٹرز کی رپورٹ آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ اور چیئز مین کی جائز ہر پورٹ کی وصولی ، غور وخوش اور منظوری۔
- ۳۔ جیبا کہ کمپنیزا یکٹ،۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن (۲) ۲۲۳ (دی''ا یکٹ') کے تحت کمپنی کے مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پر اَپ لوڈ کردیئے گئے ہیں جن کو درج ذیل لنک اور/یا فعال QR کوڈ کے ذریعے ڈاؤن لوڈ کیا جاسکتا ہے



## https://udl.com.pk/Annual\_Reports.html

- ۴۔ جیسا کہ ڈائر کی جانب سے سفارش کی گئی ہے کہ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ء کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے حتمی نفذ منافع منقسمہ بشرح ۵۰۹۰ روپے فی شیئر یعنی ۵ فیصد کا اعلان اور اس کی منظوری ۔
- ۵۔ سال ۲۰۲۵ء ۲۰۲۷ء کے لئے آڈیٹرز کالقرراوران کےمعاوضے کا تعین ۔موجودہ آڈیٹرز گرانٹ تھورٹن انجم رحمان، چارٹرڈا کا وَشینٹس سیکدوْش ہورہے ہیں اوراہل ہونے کی بنیاد پرانہوں نے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کی حیثیت سے دوبارہ تقرری کیلئے پیش کیا ہے۔

## دیگر امور

۲۔ صدراجلاس کی اجازت سے سی دیگرامور کی انجام دہی۔

حسب الحكم بوردٌ

محرفی**صل صدیقی** سمپنی سیریٹری

کراچی: ۵ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ء

## نوك:

- ا۔ ایسے شیئر ہولڈرز، جن کے نام ۲۰ اکتوبر ۲۰۲۵ء کے مطابق کاروباری اوقات کے اختتام پر یوڈی امل آئی کے شیئر ہولڈرز کے رجسٹر میں موجود ہوئے، وہ اے جی ایم میں شرکت کے
- ۲۔ سمپنی کی شیئرٹرانسفربکس۲۱ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ءتا ۲۷ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ء (بشمول دونوں دن ) بندر ہیں گی۔ وہٹرانسفرز جو ہرطرح سے مکمل صورت میں ۲۰ اکتوبر۲۰۲۵ءکوکاروباری اوقات کے اختقام تک ہمارےشیئر رجسڑار،میسرزی ڈی پیشیئررجسڑارسروسزلمیٹڈ ہی ڈی پی ہاؤس،شاہراہ فیصل،کرا چی کوموصول ہوجائیں گےوہ ووٹ ڈالنے کےاہل ہوں گے۔
  - س۔ شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہا ہے بتوں میں کسی بھی تبدیلی ،اگرکوئی ہو، سےفوری طور پر کمپنی کے رجسڑ ڈایڈریس پراطلاع دیں۔
- سم۔ سمیعتی کا کوئی بھی شیئر ہولڈر جواجلاس بلذا میں ذاتی طور پرشرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا استحقاق رکھتا/رکھتی ہے، وہ اپنی جگداجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کیلئے کسی دوسرے شیئر ،ولڈر کا بطور پراکسی تقر رکرسکتا / عکتی ہے۔ پراکسیز کے موثر ہونے کے لئے لازم ہےوہ کمپنی کو فہ کورہ بالا پتے پراجلاس نے وقت سے کم از کم 🗥 گھنے قبل لاز ما موصول ،موجا کیں۔

## اجلاس میں شرکت کے لئے

- ۵۔ افراد کیصورت میں اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈر باغمی اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈراور/ ہاالیےافراد جن کی سکیورٹیز گروپ اکا ؤنٹ میں ہواوران کی رجٹریش تفصیلات ضوابط کےمطابق اَب لوڈ کی جا چکی ہوں ،انہیں اجلاس میں اینے اصل کمپیوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کارڈ (سی این آئیسی) پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
- ۲۔ کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/ یاورآف اٹارنی مع نامزد کردہ کے نمویہ دستخط اجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت پیش کرنا ہوں گے (اگر یہ پہلے فراہم

## براکسیزے تقررکے لئے

- ے۔ افراد کیصورت میں اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈر یاتھنمی ا کا ؤنٹ ہولڈراور/ پاایسےافراد جن کی سکیورٹیز گروپ ا کا ؤنٹ میں ہواوران کی رجٹریش تفصیلات ضوابط کےمطابق اَپ لوڈ کی جا چکی ہوں ،انہیں ، پراکسی فارم درج بالاشرائط کےمطابق جمع کرانا ہوگا۔
  - ۸۔ براکسی فارم بر۲ افراد کی گواہی موجود ہوجن کے نام، بیتے اور سی این آئی سی نمبرز فارم بردرج ہوں۔
  - 9۔ بنی فیشل اونرز اور پراکسی کے بی این آئی ہی کی مصدقہ نقول پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ فراہم کی جائیں۔
    - •ا۔ براکسی کواجلاس کے وقت ایٹااصل سی این آئی سی پیش کرنا ہوگا۔
  - اا۔ کارپوریٹادارے کیصورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی قرار داد/ یاورآف اٹارنی معنمونہ دستھ کمپنی کو پراکسی فارم کےساتھ جمع کرنے ہوں گے (اگریہ پہلے فراہمنہیں کئے گئے )۔

## وذيو كانفرنسنك كي سهولت

کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۱۵۰۷ کی شرائط کے تحت کسی ایک شہر میں مقیم ایسے ممبران جومجموعی اداشدہ شیئر کمپیٹل کا کم از کم •ا فیصدر کھتے ہوں، سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کیلئے وڈیولنک کی سہولت کا مطالبہ کر سکتے ہیں۔وڈ یولنک کی سہولت کیلئے درخواست کمپنی کواس کے رجسٹرڈیتے پراجلاس کی تاریخ ہے کم از کم سات دن قبل موصول ہوجائے۔ یہ سہولت اس شہر میں اس سہولت کی دستیابی پر فراہم کر دی

ایک شیئر ہولڈر،حامل	جيثيت يودٌى ايل انٹرنيشنل لميڻدٌ كا	ب <i>ین/ہم</i> بابت
پروڈ یوکا نفرنس ہولت کی طلب رکھتا ہوں/ رکھتے ہیں۔	بذربعه بذايمقام	عمومی شیئرز بمطابق رجشرڈ فولیونمبر

## اجلاس کے لئے وڈ پولنک سہولت

سکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکٹی میشن آف پاکستان (ایس ای می پی ) نے اپنے سرکلرنمبر ۴ بابت ۲۰۲۱ء مور خد ۱۵ فروری ۲۰۲۱ء کے تحت ممبران کوالیکٹرا تک طریقہ کار کے ذریعے شرکت کرنے کی ہدایت کی ہے، ممبران اے بی ایم میں بذریعہ وڈیولئک سہولت شرکت کرسکتے ہیں۔ وڈیولئک کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کیلئے ممبران اوران کے پراکسیز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ درج ذیل معلومات بشمول اپنے کمپیوٹر ائز ڈقو می شاختی کارڈ (اسی این آئی می) کی کارآ مذتل (دونوں اطراف)، پاسپورٹ کی نقل، بورڈ کی قرار داد/ پاورآف اٹارنی کی مصدقہ نقل (کارپوریٹ شیئر ہولٹرز ہونے کی صورت میں )۱۰ تو بر۲۰۲۵ء تک hinto@udl.com.pk بنر ربعہ ای میں ارسال کردیں۔

اىمىل آئى دى	موبائل نمبر	فوليونمبر/سي ڈيسي ا کاؤنٹ نمبر	سى اين آئى سى نمبر	ممبر/ پراکسی ہولڈرکا نام

## فزيكل شيئرز كى سى ذى سى اكاؤنٺ ميں منتقلي

سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج نمیش آف پاکستان نے ایک لیٹرنمبر 640-639-639/Misc./2016 مورخه۲۰۱۱ رچا۲۰ بنام تمام لیٹرکپینز جاری کیا تھا جس میں کمپینزا یکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ (ایکٹ) کے پیشن ۲ کی شق کی جانب توجه میذول کرائی گئی تھی جس کے تحت تمام کمپینز کیلئے پیلازم ہے کہ وہ اپنی جانب سےفزیکل صورت میں جاری کردہ ثیئر زکوا یکٹ کے لا گوہونے کی تاریخ سے زیادہ سے زیادہ جار برس کی مدت کے اندریک اینٹری کی صورت میں تبدیل کردیں۔

نہ کورہ بالاسیکشن اے کی شقوں پر مکمل عملدر آمد کے ضمن میں اور بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں شیئر زر کھنے کی سہولت سے فوائد کے حصول کے لئے ایسے ٹیئر ہولڈرز جنہوں نے ابھی تک شیئر زفزیکل صورت میں رکھے ہوئے ہیں ،ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے شیئر زکوجلداز جلد بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں تیدیل کرالیں۔

شیئر ہولڈرزاس سلسلے میں اپنے بروکر ، ہی ڈی ہی پارٹیسپنٹ یاسی ڈی ہی انویسٹرا کا ؤنٹ سروں پروائیڈر سے ہی ڈی الیں اکا ؤنٹ کھولنے کے لئے معاونت حاصل کر سکتے ہیں اور بعدازاں فزیکل شیئرز کو بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں تبدیل کراسکتے ہیں۔اس سے شیئر ہولڈرز کو کئی طریقوں بشمول شیئرز کی محفوظ تحویل ۔ ڈپلی کیٹ شیئرز کے اجراء کیلئے درکار کارروائیوں سے گریز وغیرہ جیسی سہولتیں حاصل ہول گی۔

## کمپنیز ایک،۲۰۱۷ کے سیشن ۲۴۴۲ کے تحت غیرکلیم کردہ منافع منقسمہ اثبیئرز

کمپنی کے غیرکلیم کردہ منافع منقسمہ/شیئرز کے لئے ایک آپ ڈیٹ کی گئی فہرست کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.udl.com.pk پردستیاب ہے۔ یہا ہے غیرکلیم کردہ منافع منقسمہ/شیئرز ہیں جوان کے واجب الاوا اور قابل ادائی ہونے کی تاریخ سے سال کی مدت تک غیرکلیم کردہ یا غیراداشدہ رہے ہیں شیئر ہولڈرز کی جانب سے اس سلسلے میں کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ پردستیاب کلیم فارمز پرکلیمز داخل کیے جاسکتے ہیں۔

## کمپنی کے مالیاتی حسابات کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیابی

۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۵ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے مالیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.udl.com.pk پر فراہم کردیئے گئے ہیں۔

## شيئر ہولڈرز کو تحا نف دینے پر پابندی

کمپنیزا بکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے سیشن ۱۸۵ کے خت یا بندی کے پیش نظر کمپنی کسی بھی اجلاس عام میں اپنے ارا کین کوکسی بھی صورت میں تحا کف تقسیم نہیں کرے گی۔

## FORM OF PROXY

The Company Secretary **UDL International Limited** 1st Floor, Business Enclave, 77-C. 12th Commercial Street. Off: Kh-e-Ittehad, DHA, Phase II (Ext.) Karachi I of a member of UDL International Limited hereby appoint Mr./Ms./Mrs. S/O, D/O, W/O, H/O \_\_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_ Or failing him \_\_\_\_\_\_ S/O, D/O, W/O, H/O \_\_\_\_\_ Who is/are also member/s of UDL International Limited to act as my/our proxy and to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company to be held on the 27th day of October 2025 and at any adjournment thereof. Signed this day of 202 . Folio No. CDC Participant CDC Account/ No. of Signature of Member(s) Sub-Account No. Shares held ID No. On Rs. 5/- Revenue Stamp (This signature should agree with the specimen registered with the Company) Witness: 1 Witness: 2 Signature Signature Name \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Notes:

CNIC /Passport No. \_\_\_\_\_

Address

- 1. The signature must tally with the specimen signature/s registered with the Company.
- 2. If a proxy is granted by a member who has deposited his/her shares in Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, the proxy must be accompanied with participant's ID number and CDC account/sub-account number along with attested photocopies of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or the passport of the beneficial owner. Representative of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.

CNIC /Passport No. \_\_\_\_\_

Address

3. The instrument of Proxy properly completed should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting excluding holidays.

# براکسی فارم

				سمپنی سیریٹری
			6.	ىيە ئىلىن ئىرىن يودى ايل انىرىشنل كىمىيىلە
				يېلىمنزل، برنسانكليو،
				12،77-C کمرشل ا
			انچائے، فیز2 (ایسٹینش)،	•
				کرا چی
و مريار ونيشنا الاميد وميد	<b>.</b> ~		(	~. h
نیت ممبر یوڈی ایل انٹرنیشنل کمیٹر محتر مہر محتر مہ کن یااً		<u> </u>	ساكن <u></u>	<b>میں/</b> ہم
		وہر ولد <b>/</b> شوہر		الرام کی معرف معرف
			ے دن202	ممبر کے دستخط
, $\Gamma$		2.60	T	<u> </u>
	فيتمبر منحفض كى تعدا	<u>سىۋى سى اكاۇنىشە دۇيلى ا كاۇنر</u>	سى دُى تى پارتيسىيىنە ID ئىبر	فوليونبر
پانچ روپے ربو ینواسٹیپ پر (پیدستخط کمپنی کے یاس رجٹر ڈنمونہ کےمطابق ہونا چاہیے				
	I			
	گواه 2:			گواه 1: 
	وستخط:			وستخط:
	نام: شناختی کارڈ نمبر:			نام: شناختی کارڈنمبر:
	سان ۱۶ ورو برر. <u></u>			
				نو <i>ش:</i>
			س رجیٹر ڈنمونہ کےمطابق ہونا جا	1) دستخط کو کمپنی کے یا
یٹڈ میں جمع کرائے ہیں،تو پراکسی کےساتھ پاسپورٹ آئی ڈ <sup>م</sup>	ى ئىپنى آف پا كىتان <i>ل</i> ې	·	*	•
، منسلک کرنا ہونگی ۔ کار پوریٹ ممبران کے نمائندوں کواس مقص	•	•		
			) دستاویزات لا ناہونگی۔	

3) پراکسی فارم جممل اور دستخط شدہ ،میٹنگ کے لئے مقررہ وقت سے کم از کم 48 گھٹے پہلے چھٹیوں کےعلاوہ کمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ آفس میں موصول ہونا چاہیے۔

